WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA

AUDITED BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA AUDITED BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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The Honorable Chairman and Members of Williamsburg County Council Kingstree, South Carolina

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business - type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information for Williamsburg County, South Carolina as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Williamsburg County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Williamsburg County Alcohol & Drug Abuse Commission special revenue fund, which represents 1 percent and 12 percent, respectively, of the assets and revenues of the other governmental funds. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion on the basic financial statements, insofar as it relates to the amounts included in the other governmental fund column for the Williamsburg County Alcohol and Drug Abuse Commission is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the provisions of Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit, and the report of other auditors, provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our report and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Williamsburg County, South Carolina as of June 30, 2010, and respective changes in the financial position and cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

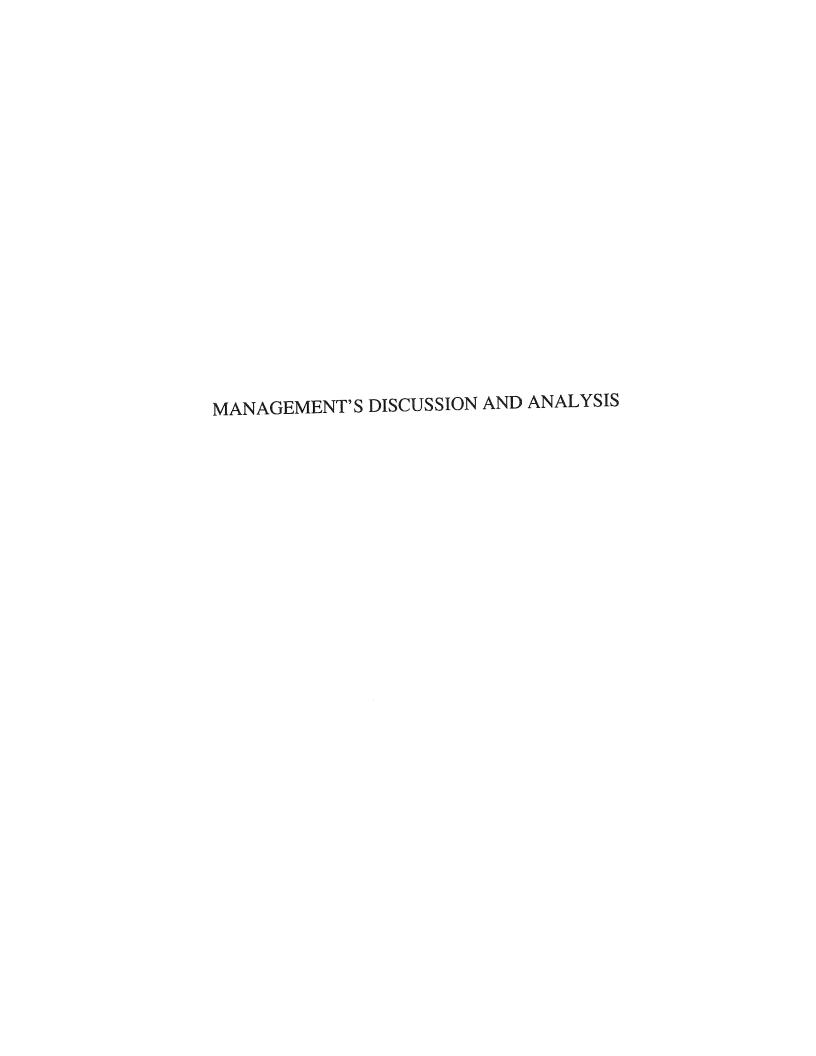
In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 28, 2011 on our consideration of Williamsburg County's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and important for assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 through 12 and pages 55 through 58 and the schedule of funding progress and employer contribution on page 60, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historic context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with the sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Williamsburg's financial statements taken as a whole. The combining and individual financial statements and supplemental information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of the County of Williamsburg. The combining and individual fund financial statements, supplemental information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our report and the report of other auditors, the information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Harper, Poston & Moree, P.A. Certified Public Accountants

Georgetown, South Carolina February 28, 2011



Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Williamsburg County, South Carolina, we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Williamsburg County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in thousands of dollars.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of Williamsburg County exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2010 by \$31,354 (net assets). This is an increase of \$1,802 from the prior year net assets. This increase is due from the increase of grant revenues in Water and Sewer Fund and Transit Authority.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Williamsburg County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$8,624. This is a decrease in fund balance from the prior year in the amount of \$3,002. \$1,954 of this decrease in fund balance is from the expenditures made in the completion of the five (5) fire stations that had received funding in the prior year but was not expended until this fiscal year. Approximately 43% or \$3,741 of the total fund balance is available for spending at the government's discretion (unreserved fund balance).
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was
 \$4,100 or 26% of the total general fund expenditures.
- Williamsburg County's long-term debt decreased by \$809 (5%) during the current fiscal year. The main component of this decrease was the reduction of general obligation bonds in the amount of \$588 and reduction in capital leases in the amount of \$880. The Bond Anticipation Note purchased last year was reissued in 2010 with a principal reduction of \$186.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Williamsburg County's basic financial statements which are comprised of three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements
- 2. Fund financial statements, and
- 3. Notes to the financial statements

This report also contains other supplementary financial information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the financial position of Williamsburg County and are similar to private sector financial statements. They include a statement of net assets and a statement of activities. These statements appear on pages 14 and 15 of this report.

Component units, which are other governmental units over which the County (the County Council, acting as a group) can exercise influence and/or may be obligated to provide financial subsidy, are presented as a separate column in the government-wide statements and as combining statements of net assets and of activities in the fund financial statements. The focus of the statements is clearly on the Primary Government and the presentation allows the user to address the relative relationship with the Component Unit. For those readers interested in more information on the component unit, contact information is provided in Note 1. A. on page 27 of this report.

The Statement of Net Assets shows the County's assets less its liabilities at June 30, 2010. The difference between these assets and liabilities is reported as net assets. Changes in net assets over time may be helpful in indicating an improving or deteriorating financial position. Some included items, such as accounts payable or earned but unused vacation leave, will produce changes in cash in a future fiscal period.

The Statement of Activities follows the Statement of Net Assets and presents information showing how the net assets changed during the fiscal year. The statement presents all underlying events, which give rise to the change, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Both statements attempt to distinguish functions of Williamsburg County that are principally supported by taxes and inter-governmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

Governmental activities reported in the statements include general government, public safety, public works, health and welfare, economic development, culture and recreation, and environmental services (landfill). Major business activities include water and sewer, transit system, and a countywide E-911 communication system.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Like other state and local governments, Williamsburg County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All funds of Williamsburg County can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds, presented on pages 16 through 19, essentially account for the same functions as those reported under government-wide statement of net assets and statement of activities. However, this set of financial statements focuses on events that produce near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as on the balance of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year and is a narrower focus than the government-wide financial statements. Such information may be useful in evaluating Williamsburg County's near-term financing requirements and available resources.

By comparing functions between the two sets of statements for governmental funds and governmental activities, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison.

Governmental funds individually presented in Williamsburg County's statements include four major funds, the General Fund, the Rural Fire Fund, the Landfill Fund, and the Debt Service Fund. The smaller governmental funds in Williamsburg County government are Federal and State Grant Fund, Road & Bridges Fund, Industrial Park Fund, Sheriff Special Fund and Williamsburg County Alcohol & Drug Abuse Fund. They have been presented in a total column termed as "other governmental funds". Their detail can be reviewed on pages 62 and 63.

Proprietary funds. Williamsburg County maintains and presents proprietary funds for three enterprises, Water and Sewer, Transit Authority and E-911, shown on pages 20 through 24 of this report.

Enterprise funds report in greater detail the same information presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements for Water and Sewer, Transit, and E-911.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support Williamsburg County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary

funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 25 and 26 of this report.

Notes to financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Notes are presented on pages 27 through 55.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Williamsburg County, assets exceed liabilities by \$31,354 at the close of the June 30, 2010 fiscal year.

Of this amount, \$28,416 (91%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, building, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. Williamsburg County uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate those liabilities.

An additional portion of the County's net assets, \$3,441 (11%) represents restrictions for Landfill Closure and Post Closure; \$1,163 (4%) represents restrictions for debt service; \$17 is restricted for public safety.

At the end of the current fiscal year, Williamsburg County is able to report positive balances in the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

Williamsburg County's Net Assets June 30, 2010 (Recapped from page 13)

(1.100-1-1-1-	-	_			
	Activities 2009	Business-type 2010	e Activities 2009	Tota 2010	al 2009
13.050 18,552 31,602	14,492 17,575 32,067	1,946 23,993 25,939	1,438 18,259 19,697	14,996 42,545 57,541	15,930 35,834 51,764
16,201 3,369 19,570	13,028 6,105 19,133	6,093 524 6,617	2,789 289 3,078	22,294 3,893 26,187	15,817 6,394 22,211
10,323	10,242	18,093	15,492	28,416	25,734
17 2 3,441 1,133 (2,885) 12,032	27 - 3,644 1,137 (2,116) 12,934	30 1,200 19,323	- - 30 1,097 16,619	17 2 3,441 1,163 (1,685) 31,354	3,644 1,167 (1,019) 29,553
	Governmental 2010 13.050 18,552 31,602 16,201 3,369 19,570 10,323 17 2 3,441 1,133 (2,885)	Governmental Activities 2010 2009 13.050 14,492 18,552 17,575 31,602 32,067 16,201 13,028 3,369 6,105 19,570 19,133 10,323 10,242 17 27 2 - 3,441 3,644 1,133 1,137 (2,885) (2,116)	Governmental Activities Business-type 2010 2009 2010 13.050 14,492 1,946 18,552 17,575 23,993 31,602 32,067 25,939 16,201 13,028 6,093 3,369 6,105 524 19,570 19,133 6,617 10,323 10,242 18,093 17 27 - 2 - - 3,441 3,644 - 1,133 1,137 30 (2,885) (2,116) 1,200	Governmental Activities Business-type Activities 2010 2009 13.050 14,492 1,946 1,438 18,552 17,575 23,993 18,259 31,602 32,067 25,939 19,697 16,201 13,028 6,093 2,789 3,369 6,105 524 289 19,570 19,133 6,617 3,078 10,323 10,242 18,093 15,492 17 27 - - 2 - - - 3,441 3,644 - - 1,133 1,137 30 30 (2,885) (2,116) 1,200 1,097	Governmental Activities Business-type Activities Total 2010 2009 2010 2009 2010 13.050 14,492 1,946 1,438 14,996 18,552 17,575 23,993 18,259 42,545 31,602 32,067 25,939 19,697 57,541 16,201 13,028 6,093 2,789 22,294 3,369 6,105 524 289 3,893 19,570 19,133 6,617 3,078 26,187 10,323 10,242 18,093 15,492 28,416 17 27 - - 17 2 - - 2 3,441 1,133 1,137 30 30 1,163 1,200 1,097 (1,685) 31,354

Governmental activities. Governmental activities decreased the County's net assets by \$902. Of this decrease, \$896 was monies transferred to the Business-type activities for general operation.

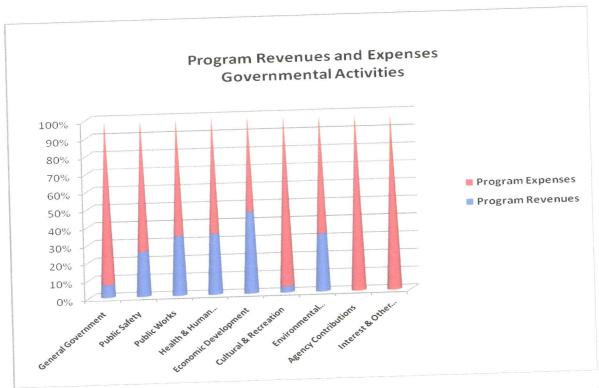
Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the County's net assets by \$896 accounting for the increase in the government's net assets. Combined decrease of Net Assets is \$1,801.

Williamsburg County, South Carolina Changes in Net Assets (Recapped) For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2010

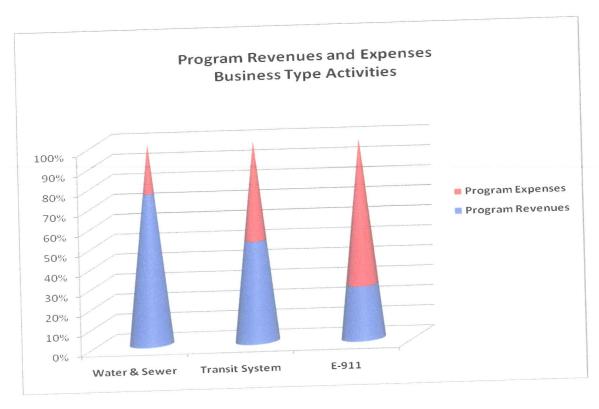
	Governmenta	I Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	To	tal
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for services	3,188	3,052	2,398	2,515	5,586	5,567
Operating grants and						
contributions	3,991	2,243	560	668	4,551	2,911
Capital grants and						
contributions	494	1,542	3,256	8	3,750	1,550
General revenues:						070
Property taxes	10,877	11,276	-	-	10,877	11,276
Other taxes	2,173	2,209	-	-	2,173	2,209
Local government fund	2,215	2,101	-	-	2,215	2,101
Other revenue	1,685	870	-	-	1,685	870
Investment earnings	50	91	36	50	86	141
Total Revenue	24,673	23,384	6,250	3,241	30,922	26,625
Expenses:						
Program Activities:						
Government Activities:						
General government	8,565	8,211	-	-	8,565	8,211
Public safety	5,443	5,244	-	-	5,443	5,244
Public works	2,612	1,707	-	-	2,612	1,707
Health and welfare	2,577	2,522	-	-	2,577	2,522
Economic development	1,809	1,099	-	-	1,809	1,099
Culture and recreation	662	589	-	-	662	589
Environmental services	1,950	4,410	-	-	1,950	4,410
Agency contributions	684	627	-	-	684	627
Interest and other charges	s 375	481	-	-	375	481
Business-type activities:						
Water and Sewer Fund	-	-	1,186	1,110	1,186	1,110
Transit System	-	-	2,175	2,238		2,238
E-911 Fund	-		1,082	1,004		1,004
Total Expenses	24,677	24,890	4,443	4,352	29,120	29,242
Transfers	(896)	(660)	896	660		
Increase in Net Assets	(902)	(2,166	2,703	(451)	1,801	(2,617
Net Assets 07/01/2009	12,934	15,100	16,619	17,070	29,553	32,17
Net Assets 06/30/2010	12,032	\$12,934	1 19,322	\$16,619	31,354	\$29,55

Property tax revenues decreased over last year by \$435 or 3%. This decrease is primarily from the reduction in vehicle tax. This reduction has been contributed to the decrease in new vehicle sales over the past year. The \$700 increase in grant revenue in the governmental fund was primarily from imcreased activity with departmental grants. We received \$1,542 in capital grants for the Public Safety and Economic Development. All other revenue sources experienced slight increases in the year giving the combined increase in revenue of \$988 over last year.

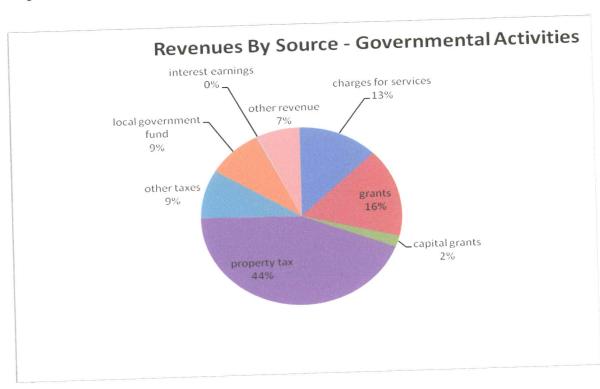
Program revenues are derived directly from the program. They reduce the net cost of the function to be supported from the county's general revenue sources.

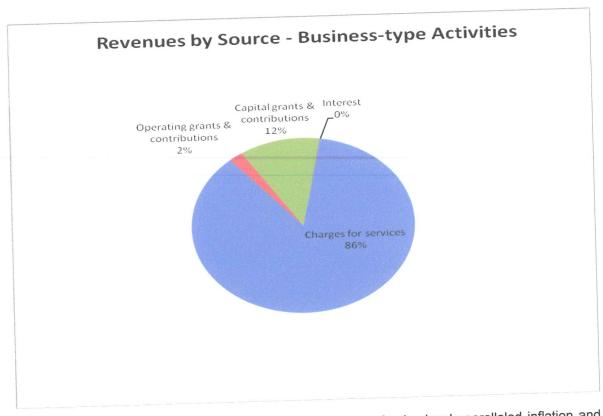


The chart above shows the percentages of governmental activities of the county that are supported by Program Revenues. None of the governmental activities are fully funded by the Program Revenues. Economic Development is the strongest supported by Program Revenues with only \$275 needed from general revenue to assist in the support of their program. There are no Program Revenues to support agency contributions and interest and other charges. These two activities had expenditures of \$1,059 for 2010. Governmental Activities received \$7,670 or 31% collectively in program revenues while the program expenditures were \$24,677. This requires the remaining 69% or \$17,007 of the revenues required to meet program expenditures to come from general revenue which includes taxes.



The chart above shows the percentages of Business-type activities of the county that are supported by Program Revenues. The only Business-type fund that is not fully funded with its Program Revenues is E-911.





For the most part, increases in expenses for Business-type funds closely paralleled inflation and growth in the demand for services. Increases in expenses were generated primarily from increases in Water and Sewer Authority costs associated with contractual fees and increased costs in E-911. There were transfers of \$896 to the Business Type funds to offset overages in expenditures from grants and various sources.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, Williamsburg County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, Williamsburg County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$8,624, a decrease of \$3,002 (26%) from the previous year. As stated on page 3 of this report, the decrease is primarily due from \$1,954 expenditures paid in 2010 for the construction of the five (5) fire stations that were funded in the prior year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year the total fund balance of \$4,293 for the general fund of which \$4,100 was unreserved. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 26% of total general fund expenditures. The net decrease in the fund balance of the general fund was \$271 during the current year. This decrease is attributed to the additional transfers needed in the business-type fund for non-reoccurring expenditures. There was Operating Transfers In in the amount of \$1,005 fund Debt Service for the purpose of reimbursing the general fund for debt payments and

reimbursement from Public Works for expenditures. Operating transfers (Out) from the general fund were \$2,268.

The rural fire fund has a total fund balance of \$314. The prior year fund balance had \$2,099 restricted for the construction and equipping of the five (5) fire stations. This fund balance was reduced due to the completion of construction on these stations during 2010.

The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$535, all of which is reserved for the payment of debt service. A decrease of \$689 in the fund balance results from a portion of the fund balance being used to minimize budget impact for 2010.

The remaining special revenue funds have a combined total fund balance of \$3,795. The landfill closure fund has a fund balance of \$2,808. The other governmental funds included in the above totals had a combined fund balance of \$674. \$68 is unreserved in the other governmental funds and the landfill fund has a deficit unreserved fund balance of \$633.

Proprietary funds. The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. See pages 20 through 24.

Unrestricted net assets of the Water and Sewer System at the end of the year amounted to \$305 and the Transit System totaled \$1,713. The E-911 Fund experienced a negative unrestricted net asset of \$819, primarily due to the transfers due to the general fund for operating expenses not covered by subscriber fees. The net assets for the Water and Sewer System increased \$2,415. The Transit net assets increased \$289. E-911 experienced a decrease in net assets of \$1 due from depreciation of equipment.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There was no significant change in revenues between the original budget and the final amended budget shown on pages 56 and 57 of this report. The Taxes, Fees and Other Revenue categories were the only revenue streams that experienced decreases from the original budget.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. Williamsburg County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2010 amounted to \$42,545 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, roads, and construction in progress. The total increase in the County's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 16%. Both governmental activities and business-type activities experienced an increase in capital assets for the fiscal year.

Major capital assets events during the current year included the following:

- Various capital assets purchased for other departments.
- Land improvements to various facilities.
- Paving of county-owned roads.

Capital Assets for Governmental and Business-type Activities

		A ativition	Business-type	Activities	Total	
	Governmental 2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	<u>2009</u>
Land Land improvements Buildings	1,829 3,171 4,132	1,829 3,330 3,784	148 - 28	148 - 34	1,977 3,171 4,160	1,977 3,330 3,818
Building improvements Roads & Bridges	2,147 3,121	2,301 3,263	43 -	47 -	2,190 3,121	2,348 3,263
Water Distribution System Leasehold improvements Furniture & fixtures		-	13,313	13,504	13,313	13,504
	281	191	-	-	281	191
	783	848	100	120	883	968
Machinery & equipment	290	383	81	92	371	475
Automotive equipment	2,593	1,421	1,214	840	3,807	2,261
Communication equipment	205	225	454	502	659	727
Construction in progress			8,612	2,973	8,612	2,973_
Total	<u> 18,552</u>	\$17,575	<u>\$23,993</u>	\$18,260	42,545	\$35,835_

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 5 on pages 35 through 38 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, Williamsburg County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$12,629 backed by the full faith and credit of the government.

Williamsburg County Bonded Debt

		•				
	Governmental A	ctivities	Business-type A	Activities	Total	
	2010	2009	2010	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
	2010					
General obligation		2.047			5,429	6,017
bonds	5,429	6,017	_	-	17	19
Unamortized Premium	17	19	-	-	.,	
Bond anticipation					1,400	1,586
notes	1,400	1,586	-	- 488	2,568	488
Revenue bonds	-	-	2,568	400	_,	
Bond anticipation		_	3,215	2,102	3,215	2,102
notes		7.000	5,783	0.500	12,629	10,212
Total bonds payable	6,846	7,622		2,590	1,542	2,055
Capital leases	1,491	1,956	51	99		79
		_	66	79	66	
Vehicle Acquisition Plan						\$12,346
Total	8,337	9,578	5,900	2,768	14,237	φ12,340
lotai						

The County's total bonded debt increased by \$2,417 (24%) during the current fiscal year, primarily as a result of the Water & Sewer Bond Anticipation Note (\$3,215) and then the decreases in annual bond payments throughout the fiscal year.

Williamsburg County received a 'A-' rating from Standards & Poor's Rating group and a 'A3' rating from Moody's Investors Service for its most recent General Obligation Bonds and General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010.

South Carolina statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a government entity may issue (without referendum) to 8% of its total assessed value. The current general obligation (G.O.) debt limit for Williamsburg County General Fund is \$7,087. The current general obligation bonds subject to the legal debt limitation is \$2,213 for the General Fund. The bonds for the Rural Fire Debt are not considered as part of the County's legal debt limit but are considered as part of the Rural Fire District.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in note 8 on pages 38 through 44 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- ❖ As of December 2010 the annual average unemployment rate for Williamsburg County is 14.4%. This is a .2% increase from the prior fiscal year. Williamsburg County is currently ranked 15th in unemployment in the State. Despite this despairing economic condition, there are several new projects coming in 2011 to reduce the unemployment rate in this county.
- Williamsburg County currently has four new industry announcements. These industries are The Truss Company in Salters; I.T.I.Hydraulik in Andrews; Solar Energy Initiatives, Inc. in Kingstree; and Willowglen Academy in Kingstree. Also, Palmetto Synthetics of Kingstree has announced expansion of their current facility and additional jobs will be forthcoming.

- Williamsburg County is currently working with 10 other projects that can possibly bring new jobs into the county.
- Business Development Corporation has received awards of three (3) new grants. \$750,000 received to purchase and renovate the former Milliken building; \$500,000 received for Project fiber's expansion; \$600,000 for the S.C. Department of Commerce for Epps #1 Site.
- Williamsburg County has currently three industrial parks located in Kingstree, Hemingway and Salters, South Carolina. There are two speculative buildings available for qualifying prospects.

Requests for Information:

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Williamsburg County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's financing. Questions concerning any of the information should be addressed to Phyllis B. Underwood, Williamsburg County Controller, P.O. Box 330, Kingstree, SC 29556.



WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS **JUNE 30, 2010**

	PRIMA	RY GOVERNMENT		
	GOVERNMENTAL	BUSINESS-TYPE		COMPONENT
	ACTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES	TOTAL	UNIT
ASSETS				
O - A	\$ 2,336,563	\$ 1,117,183 \$	3,453,746 \$	
Cash Investments	0	1,408,527	1,408,527	0
Accounts Receivable (Net of Allowance			=	005
for Uncollectibles)	0	141,740	141,740	905 0
Court Fines Receivable (Net)	86,048	0	86,048	U
Taxes Receivable (Net of Allowance		0	1,150,897	0
for Uncollectibles)	1,150,897	0	512,895	0
Due From Others	512,895	0	1,520,499	0
Due From State	1,520,499	0	192,642	3,761
Prepaid Assets	192,642	59,339	1,465,871	1,271
Other Receivables	1,406,532 858,515	(858,515)	0	0
Internal Balances	32,769	40,228	72,997	0
Inventories	140,851	0	140,851	0
Deferred Charges	140,631	7,667	7,667	0
Interest Receivable	v	.,	,	
Temporarily Restricted Assets:	4,811,345	30,000	4,841,345	0
Cash and Investments	7,011,575	,		
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation):	1,829,225	148,000	1,977,225	0
Land	0	8,612,229	8,612,229	0
Construction in Progress	3,171,402	0	3,171,402	0
Land Improvements	3,121,129	0	3,121,129	0
Roads & Bridges	4,132,459	27,702	4,160,161	0
Buildings	2,147,483	42,627	2,190,110	0
Building Improvements	281,076	0	281,076	0
Leasehold Improvements Water & Wastewater System	0	13,312,590	13,312,590	0
Furniture & Fixtures	782,540	100,205	882,745	39,000
Machinery & Equipment	289,642	81,370	371,012	8.808
Automotive Equipment	2,592,737	1,214,133	3,806,870	38,131
Communication Equipment	204,517	454,357	658,874	0
TOTAL ASSETS	\$31,601,766	\$ 25,939,382 \$	57,541,148	\$ 222,456
LIABILITIES				
	, 700 775	79,078	1.867,853	2,155
Accounts Payable	1,788,775	415,931	415,931	0
Retainage Payable	202.012	415,951	383,012	0
Due to Others	383,012 233,865	27,599	261,464	0
Accrued Interest Payable	503,157	0	503,157	14,890
Accrued Salaries and Related Fringes	003,137	1,350	1,350	0
Customer Deposits	460,663	0	460,663	0
Deferred Revenue	400,003			
Noncurrent Liabilities:	3,868,979	3,336,781	7,205,760	12,677
Due Within One Year	12,331,620	2,755,904	15,087,524	10,787
Due In More Than One Year				. 10.500
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$19,570,071	\$ 6,616,643 \$	26,186,714	\$ 40,509
NET ASSETS				
	10 222 011	18,093,108	28,415,919	85,939
Invested In Capital Assets, Net Of Related Debt	10,322,811	10,075,100	112	•
Restricted For:	17,583	0	17.583	0
Public Safety	2,282	0	2,282	0
Restricted for General Government	3,440,772	0	3,440,772	0
Restricted Landfill Closure & Post Closure Costs	1,133,072	30,000	1,163,072	0
Restricted Debt	(2,884,825)	1,199,631	(1,685,194)	96,008
Unrestricted	(2,004,023)	1,177,071		
	\$ 12,031,695	\$ 19,322,739_\$	31,354,434	\$ 181,947
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 12,031,695	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of this Statement

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

			PROGRAM REVENUES	UES	NET R CH	NET REVENUE (EXPENSE) AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS	AND FS	#L400
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT VTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ES ACTIVITIES	TOTAL	COMPONENT
Primary Government:								
Governmental Activities:	0		003 801	000 001		c	\$ (7800.046) \$	C
General Government		\$ 467,314	104,588	103,000	3 (1,890,046) 3 (3,598,487)	9	(3,598,487)	0 0
Fublic Safety Dublic Works	2,445,437	424 068	910,269	221 413	(1,299,488)		(1.299,488)	0
Health & Human Services	2 576 587	718 179	621.839	0	(1.236.619)		(1,236,619)	0
Fronomic Development	1 809 382	0	1.533.699	0	(275,683)		(275,683)	0
Cultural & Recreation	662,450	24 060	0	0	(638,390)		(638,390)	0
Environmental Services - Landfill	1 950 345	789 473	153.304	0	(1,007,568)		(1,007,568)	0
A gency Contributions	684 288	0	0	0	(684,288)		(684,288)	0
Interest and Other Charges	374 591	0	0	0	(374,591		(374,591)	0
Total Governmental Activities	.	\$ 3,188,125	\$ 3,991,066	\$ 493,813	\$ (17,005,160)	0	\$ (17,005,160)	0
Business-Type Activities:	4		c		Š		000,017,0	C
Water & Sewer Fund	1,185,686	1,134,019	0.00033	2,461,966		2,410,299	410,299	00
Williamsburg County Transit System E 011 Eurod	1.081.824	862,512	0,4,466	0,44,437		3	(680,599)	0
Total Business-Type Activities		\$ 2,397,756	\$ \$9,979	\$ 3,256,203	\$	\$ 1,771,594	\$ 1,771,594	0
Total Primary Government	\$ 29,120,508	\$ 5.585,881	\$ 4,551,045	\$ 3,750,016	\$ (17,005,160) \$	1,771,594	\$ (15,233,566) \$	0
Component Unit								
Williamsburg County Library	\$ 508,361	\$ 20,025	\$ 78,615	0				\$ (409,721)
Total Component Unit	\$ 508,361	\$ 20,025	\$ 78,615	\$	11			\$ (409,721)
GENE	GENERAL REVENUES							
	Tayes				\$ 10 876 962	6 9	\$ 10.876,962	0 \$
	Contribution	Contributions from Primary Government	Jovernment			•	0	385,424
	Local Optio	Local Option Sales Tax			2,172,559		2,172,559	0
	Local Gove	Local Government Fund			2,215,368		2,215,368	0
	State Shared Taxes	d Taxes			1,563,300		1,563,300	0 :
	Interest				49,811	1 35,915	85,726	1,177
	Miscellaned	Miscellaneous Revenue			121,462	2 0 0	121,462	00
	Lransiers				00,000			
	TOTAL GEI	NERAL REVEN ADINARY ITEM	TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES, SPECIAL ITEMS, EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS, AND TRANSFERS	ES,	\$ 16,103,102	2 \$ 932,275	\$ 17,035,377	\$ 386,601
	CHANGES	CHANGES IN NET ASSETS			\$ (902,058)	8) \$ 2,703,869	\$ 1,801,811	\$ (23,120)
	NET ASSET	NET ASSETS, Beginning of Year	Year		12,933,753	3 16,618,870	29,552,623	205,067
						6	6	
	NET ASSET	NET ASSETS, End of Year			\$ 12,031,695	19,522,139	31,334,434	181,947

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

	9	GENERAL FUND	RURAL FIRE FUND	LANDFILL FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS							
ئەدى	من	1 789 828 \$	156,630 \$	3,663 \$	117	\$ 386,325 \$	
Cash Restricted	.			3,440,772	1,132,955	0	4,811,345
Court Fines Receivable		960 20	c	C	C	0	86,048
(Net of Allowance)		60,046		0 0		0	512,895
Due from Others		512,893	0 000	000001	991 801		1.150.897
Taxes Receivable (Net of Allowance)		723,814	108,888	120,029	176,100	512 (89	1 406 532
Other Receivables		593,301	0	130,916	0 (616,200	155,554
Due from State Government		1,520,499	0	0	0	0	1,320,499
Prepaid Expenses		192,642	0	0	0	0	192,642
Inventory		0	0	0	0	32,769	32, 769
Due from Other Funds		1,890,076	24,866	0	0	149,547	2,064,489
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	7,439,112	\$ 397,993	\$ 3,695,380 \$	1,331,238	\$ 1,250,956	\$ 14,114,679
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE							
LIABILITIES		1 005 861	O	9 170	340,697	433,047	1,788,775
Accounts rayable		1,00,000,1		771 315	311 357	123,302	1,205,974
Due to Other Funds		383 012	0	0	0	0	383,012
Due to Official Accrued Wases &		210,00					
Renefits Payable		491,710	0	0	0	11,447	503,157
Белена в аучос Deferred Revenue		1,265,470	84,092	107,132	144,126	9,415	1,610,235
TOTAL LIABILITIES	69	3,146,053	\$ 84,092	\$ 887,617 \$	796,180	\$	\$ 5,491,153
FIIND BALANCE							
Reserved for Debt Service		0	0	0	535,058	0	535,058
Deserved for Inventory		C	0	0	0	32,769	32,769
Reserved for Drangide		192 642	0	0	0	0	192,642
Neselycu tot Tiepans Dosamad for Closura Costs			0	3.440.772	0	0	3,440,772
Reserved for Special Projects		0	0	0	0	573,353	573,353
Reserved for Capital Projects		0	107,609	0	0	0	107,609
Unreserved		4,100,417	206,292	(633,009)	0	67,623	3,741,323
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	∽	4,293,059	\$ 313,901	\$ 2,807,763	\$ 535,058	\$ 673,745	\$ 8,623,526
TOTAL HABILITIES AND FILIND BALANCE	G e	7.439.112	\$ 397.993	\$ 3,695,380	\$ 1,331,238	1,250,956	\$ 14,114,679
IOIME MANDED BRANCH A COME MANDE TO THE MAND							

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of this Statement

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because :

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of her assets are arrested.		
Ending fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$	8,623,526
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		18,552,210
Other long-term assets, such as property taxes, court fines, and ambulance fees are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		1,149,572
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable (net of premiums and issuance costs), capital leases, compensated absences, and accrued interest, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(16,293,613)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$_	12,031,695

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	GENERAL	RURAL FIRE FUND	LANDFILL FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES				deriver and the second		
Taxes	\$ 10,919,047	\$ 858,067 \$	\$ 0			\$ 14,321,526
Fees. Licenses & Permits	103,283	0	495,968	0	501,984	567,101,1
Intergovernmental Revenue	2,931,858	222,321	0	0	3,492,700	0,040,017
Charges for Services	931,602		249,285	0		1,180,387
Fines & Forfeitures Miscellanguis Revenues	654,708 424,772	3,127	17,894	7,884	22,830	476,507
		30 -	3 741 537	2 003 782	\$ 4.566.028	\$ 24,381,742
TOTAL REVENUES	0/7,094,01	- 1	1	1		
EXPENDITURES						
Current:				1		000 555 8
General Government	8,138,475	0	0 0	0 0	34,423	6,222,300
Public Safety	3,433,181	99,283	0	0	2,105,987	2,105,987
Public Works Track and Limes Services	1 528 919		0	0	838,580	2,367,499
Cultural and Recreational	535,584		0	0	0	535,584
Economic Development	0		0	0	1,593,146	1,593,146
Environmental Services - Landfill	869,998		1,009,314	0	065,561	247,747
Other	684,288	0	0	0	0	07,400
Capital Outlay:	744		c	C	0	113,556
General Government	055,511	0 0 1 0 2 8 1 0		0	308,000	2,647,426
Public Safety	0.0,0,0		0	0	295,430	295,43
Health and Human Services	16,912		0	0	0	16,912
Cultural and Recreational	76,327	0 2	0	0	0	175'91
Debt Service:			c	1 653 842	0	1,653,842
Principal	0 208 71	0 0		356.726	0	371,533
Interest Bond Issuance Costs	8,392		0	20,000	0	28,392
Oddianalana e moo	3 15 402 695	\$ 7.956.393	\$ 1009314 \$	2,030,568	\$ 5,414,391	\$ 26,903,361
IOIAL EAFEIUII ORES						
EXCESS REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ 472,575	\$ (1,872,878)	\$ (246,167) \$	(26,786)	(848,363)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In Transfers (Out)	1,004,600 (2,163,342)	0 0 2.2) (81,467)	0 (27,256)	343,803 (1,004,600) 0	1,266,983) (235,081) 0	2,615,386) (3,511,746)) 415,000
Lease Purchase Proceeds	70,014					
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	\$ (743,742)	(81,467)	\$ (27,256)	\$	1,031,902	. \$ (481,360)
EXCESS REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	\$ (271,167)	57) \$ (1,954,345)	\$ (273,423) \$	\$ (687,583) \$	8 (35,539	(3,002,979)
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year	4,564,226	2,268,246	3,081,186	1,222,641	490,206	11,626,505
FUND BALANCE, End of Year	\$ 4,293,059	59 \$ 313,901	\$ 2,807,763	\$ 535,058	\$ 673,745	8,623,526

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(3,002,979)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This amount is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation expense in the current period.		977,256
Revenues in the statement of activities, such as property taxes, ambulance fees and police fines that will not be collected for several months after year end and do not provide for current financial reso are not reported as revenues in the funds.	urces,	290,724
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		1,049,777
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, accrued interest, and amortization of bond premiums and issuance costs, do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(216,836)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	(902,058)

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

		BUSIN	ES	SS TYPE ACTIVITI	ES -	ENTERPRISE	FL	INDS
		WATER		WILLIAMSBURG				
		& SEWER		COUNTY TRANSIT	ſ	E911		TOTAL
	_	FUND		SYSTEM FUND		FUND		TOTAL
ASSETS								
CURRENT ASSETS						00.004	•	1 117 102
Cash	\$	714,202	\$	303,987	\$, , , , , .	\$	1,117,183
Investments		0		1,408,527		0		1,408,527
Restricted Cash & Investments		30,000		0		0		30,000 40,228
Inventory		0		40,228		0		
Accrued Interest Receivable		0		7,667		0		7,667
Accounts Receivable, Net						0		141 740
of Allowance		81,281		60,459		0		141,740
Due from Other Funds		575		28,760		0		29,335
Receivable - Other	_	0	_	29,226		30,113	_	59,339
							Ф	2.024.010
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	\$_	826,058	- \$	1,878,854	- \$	129,107	\$	2,834,019
PROPERTY, PLANT, AND EQUIPMEN	Т							
Land	\$	120,000	\$	28,000	\$	-	\$	148,000
Construction in Progress		8,612,229		0		0		8,612,229
Water & Sewer System		16,080,519		0		0		16,080,519
Furniture and Fixtures		0		0		315,917		315,917
Machinery and Equipment		0		146,692		764,531		911,223
Vehicles		0		3,225,701		19,559		3,245,260
Buildings & Improvements		0		172,099		110,102		282,201
Land Improvements		0		13,444		0		13,444
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	_	(2,767,928)	-	(2,274,107)	<u> </u>	(573,545)		(5,615,580)
NET DE OPERTY DI ANT								
NET PROPERTY, PLANT,	\$	22,044,820	Ç	1,311,829	\$	636,564	\$	23,993,213
AND EQUIPMENT	Φ.	22,077,020	- ["]	-,,			_	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$_	22,870,878	- \$	3,190,683	_ \$ _	765,671	\$_	26,827,232

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

		RUSIN	ES	S TYPE ACTIVITII	ES -	ENTERPRISI	EFL	INDS
	_	WATER & SEWER FUND		WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY TRANSIT SYSTEM FUND		E911 FUND	_	TOTAL
LIABILITIES								
SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Retainage Payable Due to Other Funds Compensated Absences Payable Vehicle Acquisition Plan Payable Bonds Payable - RDA Bond Anticipation Note Capital Leases Payable	\$	43,907 415,931 0 1,223 0 26,824 3,215,195 0 27,599	\$	27,161 0 0 15,107 12,693 0 0	\$	8,010 0 887,850 15,108 0 0 0 50,631	\$	79,078 415,931 887,850 31,438 12,693 26,824 3,215,195 50,631 27,599
Accrued Interest Payable Customer Deposits	-	1,350	_	0		0		1,350
TOTAL SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES	\$_	3,732,029	_\$	54,961	\$_	961,599	. \$ _	4,748,589
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES Compensated Absences Payable OPEB Liability Vehicle Acquisition Plan Payable Bonds Payable - RDA	_	1,222 0 0 2,541,281		15,107 108,088 53,481		15,107 21,618 0 0		31,436 129,706 53,481 2,541,281
TOTAL LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	\$ _	0 2,542,503	_ \$	176,676	. \$ _	36,725	- \$ -	2,755,904
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$.	6,274,532	_ \$	231,637	- \$ _	998,324	- \$ _	7,504,493
NET ASSETS								
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Restricted for Debt Service Unrestricted		16,261,520 30,000 304,826	_	1,245,655 0 1,713,391		585,933 0 (818,586)		18,093,108 30,000 1,199,631
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	16,596,346	<u>\$</u>	2,959,046	. \$ =	(232,653)	\$ =	19,322,739

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS						
		WATER & SEWER FUND		WILLIAMSBURG OUNTY TRANSIT SYSTEM		E911 FUND	TOTAL
OPERATING REVENUES	****						
Charges for Services	\$_	1,134,019	_\$_	862,512	\$	401,225 \$	2,397,756
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	\$_	1,134,019	_\$_	862,512	\$	401,225 \$	2,397,756
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Cost of Sales & Services Personnel & Benefits Administration Depreciation	_	381,166 102,658 96,121 475,898		533,325 1,135,690 184,932 320,887		226,616 652,306 119,515 79,518	1,141,107 1,890,654 400,568 876,303
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	\$_	1,055,843	_\$_	2,174,834	\$	1,077,955 \$	4,308,632
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$_	78,176	_\$_	(1,312,322)	\$	(676,730) \$	(1,910,876)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Investment Income Interest Expense RDA Grant CDBG Block Grant Government Subsidies	_	4,701 (129,843) 1,581,936 880,030 0) 	30,548 0 0 0 1,354,216		666 (3,869) 0 0	35,915 (133,712) 1,581,936 880,030 1,354,216
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	\$_	2,336,824	_\$_	1,384,764	. \$	(3,203) \$	3,718,385
NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	\$	2,415,000	\$	72,442	\$	(679,933) \$	1,807,509
TRANSFERS							
Transfers In		0		216,428		679,932	896,360
TOTAL TRANSFERS	\$_	0	_\$_	216,428	. \$	679,932 \$	896,360
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$	2,415,000	\$	288,870	\$	(1) \$	2,703,869
NET ASSETS, Beginning of Year	_	14,181,346		2,670,176		(232,652)	16,618,870
NET ASSETS, End of Year	\$ _	16,596,346	_\$_	2,959,046	\$	(232,653) \$	19,322,739

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS							
	_	WATER & SEWER FUND	1	WILLIAMSBURG OUNTY TRANSIT SYSTEM FUND	E911 FUND	TOTAL		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Cash Received from Customers Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services Cash Payments to and for Employee's Benefit	\$ _	1,140,253 (539,635) (102,658)	\$	906.877 \$ (875,550) (1,086,942)	394,391 \$ (390,215) (644,280)	2,441,521 (1,805,400) (1,833,880)		
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$_	497,960	_\$_	(1,055,615) \$	(640,104) \$	(1,197,759)		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Operating Grants Payments Received from Other Funds		0		673,162 216,428	679,932	673,162 896,360		
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	\$_	0	_\$_	889,590 \$	679,932 \$_	1,569,522		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Capital Grants Received Property, Plant and Equipment Additions Principal Payment Revenue Bonds Principal Payment Bond Anticipation Note Bond Anticipation Note Proceeds Revenue Bond Proceeds Principal Payment Capital Leases Interest Paid	_	2,461,966 (5,507,208) (21,964) (2,102,000) 3,215,195 2,102,000 0 (134,136)		794,237 (686,802) 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 (48,171) (3,869)	3,256,203 (6,194,010) (21,964) (2,102,000) 3,215,195 2,102,000 (48,171) (138,005)		
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	\$_	13,853	_\$.	107,435 \$	(52,040) \$	69,248		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Purchase of Investments Interest Received	-	5,141		(33,495) 33,495	0 666	(33,495) 39,302		
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	\$	5,141	_\$	0 \$	666_\$_	5,807		
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	516,954	\$	(58,590) \$	(11,546) \$	446,818		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Beginning of Year	_	227,248	_	362,577	110,540	700,365		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, End of Year	\$_	744,202	_\$	303,987 \$	98,994 \$	1,147,183		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, End of Year	-							
Cash Cash Restricted	-	714,202 30,000		303,987	98,994 0	1,117,183 30,000		
TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, End of Year	\$	744,202	_\$	303,987 \$	98,994 \$	1,147,183		

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS							
	_	WATER & SEWER FUND		WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY TRANSIT SYSTEM FUND	E911 FUND	TOTAL		
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:								
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	78,176	\$	(1,312,322) \$	(676,730) \$	(1,910,876)		
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Depreciation (Increase) Decrease in Accounts and Other Receivables (Increase) Decrease in Inventory Increase (Decrease) in Due to General Fund Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase (Decrease) in Salaries and Compensated Absences Payable Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits	_	475,898 7,946 0 (216) (53,480) (159) (10,205))	320,887 (44,365) 5,678 (67,732) (6,509) 48,748	79,518 (6,834) 0 (51,941) 7,857 8,026 0	876.303 (43,253) 5,678 (119,889) (52,132) 56,615 (10,205)		
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$_	497,960	_\$	(1,055,615) \$	(640,104) \$	(1,197,759)		
NON CASH TRANSACTIONS State Vehicle Acquisition Plan	\$_ \$_		_ \$ _ \$		0 \$ 0 \$	12,693 12,693		

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

		AGENCY FUNDS		REVOLVING LOAN TRUST FUND		TOTAL
ASSETS	-					
Cash Note Receivable	\$	2,355,360	\$ 	222,103 931,189	\$	2,577,463 931,189
TOTAL ASSETS	\$_	2,355,360	_\$_	1,153,292	\$_	3,508,652
LIABILITIES						
Due to Other Taxing Units Due to Estate & Trust Beneficiaries Due to Others Due to Bidders & Redeemers of Land Sales Due to Fine Recipients and Bond Payors Due to Support Recipients Due to Seized Asset Recipient	_	1,746,023 219,141 111,125 212,462 13,242 8,499 44,868		0 0 0 0 0 0		1,746,023 219,141 111,125 212,462 13,242 8,499 44,868
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$_	2,355,360	_ \$ _	0	. \$	2,355,360
NET ASSETS						
Held in Trust for Other Purposes	\$ _	0	_ \$ _	1,153,292	\$	1,153,292

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

		REVOLVING LOAN TRUST FUND
ADDITIONS		
Program Income Interest Income	\$	39,283 193
TOTAL ADDITIONS	\$_	39,476
DEDUCTIONS		
Economic Development Loans Payments	-	39,283
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	\$_	39,283
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	\$	193
NET ASSETS, Beginning of Year	_	1,153,099
NET ASSETS, End of Year	\$_	1,153,292

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Williamsburg County, South Carolina have been prepared in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The State of South Carolina established the County under the provisions of the South Carolina Home Rule Act. Williamsburg County operates under the Council - Supervisor form of government and provides the following services: general administrative services, public safety, courts, highways and streets, sanitation, health and human services, culture and recreation programs, public improvements and other miscellaneous services. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the County and its component units, entities for which the County is considered financially accountable or for which exclusion of a component unit would render the financial statements incomplete or misleading. The County's combined financial statements include the accounts of all County Operations and those organizations that meet the criteria pursuant to Governmental Accounting Board Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity."

- A. The organization is legally separate.
- B. The County holds the corporate powers of the organization.
- C. The County appoints a voting majority of the organization.
- D. The County is able to impose its will on the organization.
- E. The organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit or burden on the County.
- F. There is fiscal dependency by the organization on the County.

Based upon the aforementioned criteria, the County has included Williamsburg County Library as a discretely presented component unit. The discretely presented component unit is included since it is fiscally dependent upon the County for the annual appropriations, approval of annual operating budgets, and the authorization of general obligation debt issues. A discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County. The discretely presented component unit has a June 30 year-end. Separate financial statements for this component unit may be obtained from the entity's management.

Discretely Presented Component Unit Williamsburg County Library 215 North Jackson Kingstree, SC 29556 Telephone (843) 355-9486

The South Carolina Legislature created the Williamsburg County Library System in 1967 as part of Williamsburg County Government. Its purpose is to provide library services to the citizens of Williamsburg County and bookmobile services to the rural areas of the County. The library operates under a nine member Board of Trustees that is appointed by the County Council. In addition to providing significant annual appropriations to finance the operations of the Library, County Council approves its budget and all general obligation debt.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statement presentation for the County meets the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments. The financial statement presentation provides a comprehensive, entity-wide perspective of the County's net assets, revenues, expenses and changes in net assets and cash flows that replaces the fund-group perspective previously required.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units*

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been eliminated from the statement of activities. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: The general fund is the primary operating fund of the County. The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be reported in another fund.

Rural Fire Fund: The rural fire fund is a special revenue fund which accounts for the rural fire district revenues and expenditures.

Landfill Fund: The landfill fund is a special revenue fund which accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are collected for the purpose of providing landfill services to Williamsburg County. The landfill fund is responsible for collecting required funds for the closure and postclosure costs of the landfill.

Debt Service Fund: The debt service fund accounts for proceeds that are restricted for the purpose of debt payments.

The County reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water & Sewer (Enterprise Fund): The water & sewer fund is used to account for the cost of providing water & sewer services to unincorporated areas of the County.

Williamsburg County Transit System: The Williamsburg County Transit System fund is used to account for the cost of providing transportation services to the citizens of Williamsburg County.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E 911 Fund: The E911 fund is used to account for the cost of providing emergency services to the citizens of Williamsburg County.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Agency Fund: This fund is used to report resources held by the County in a custodial capacity as an agent on behalf of others and does not involve the measurement of results of operation.

Private-Purpose Trust Fund: This fund is used to account for resources legally held in trust for revolving loans. There is no requirement that any portion of these resources be preserved as capital.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services for water and sewer fees, the revenues received for operating the Williamsburg County Transit System, and the revenues received for operating the E-911 fund. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Deposits and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States and its agencies, general obligations (not revenue obligations) of the State of South Carolina and its subdivisions, savings and loan associations to the extent of federal insurance, certificates of deposit collaterally secured, and repurchase agreements secured by the foregoing obligations.

The County's cash investment objectives are preservation of capital, liquidity and yield. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools," all investments are reported at their fair values. The County has no investments at this time reported at amortized cost.

The County has certain funds invested with the South Carolina State Treasurer's Office, which established the South Carolina Local Government Investment Pool Fund (the "Pool") pursuant to Section 6-6-10 of the South Carolina Code. The Pool is an investment trust fund, in which public monies in excess of current needs, which are under the custody of any city treasurer or any governing body of a political subdivision of the State, may be deposited. The Pool is a 2a 7-like pool which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but has a policy that it will operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a 7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools", investments are carried at fair value determined annually based upon quoted market prices. The total fair value of the Pool is apportioned to the entities with funds invested on an equal basis for each share owned, which are acquired at a cost of \$1.00.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

F. Receivables

All accounts and property tax receivables are shown at their gross value, and where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. This amount is determined by analyzing the percentage of receivables that was not collected in prior years.

Property taxes for real property and personal property except motor vehicles are due without penalties by January 15th of each fiscal year. Uncollected taxes and penalties are considered delinquent on March 15th. Property taxes for motor vehicles are due in the month in which the state motor vehicle license will be renewable. Property tax revenues are recognized in accordance with imposed nonexchange transactions in accordance with GASB No. 33.

G. Inventories

The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. The amount of inventories on hand at year end for the governmental fund types consist of gasoline and diesel fuel. Inventories are valued at cost using the average cost method.

H. Restricted Assets

Certain assets of landfill revenue, debt service, and enterprise funds are classified as restricted on the balance sheet because their use is limited to specific purposes for which the funds were received.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipe (other than related to utilities), traffic signals, etc. Neither their historical cost nor related depreciation has historically been reported in the financial statements. The retroactive reporting of infrastructure was subject to an extended implementation period.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. Construction in progress represents funds expended for construction of capital assets which have not been placed into service yet.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property, plant, and equipment of the County are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Asset</u>	<u>Years</u>
Land Improvements	15-20
Buildings	30-40
Building Improvements	15-40
Leasehold Improvements	15-20
Furniture & Fixtures	3-15
Machinery & Equipment	5-15
Vehicles	3-10
Communication Equipment	15
Infrastructure	20

Depreciation for capital assets that can be specifically identified with a function is included in the direct expenses for that function.

J. Compensated Absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the government does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

K. Deferred Revenues

Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet the criteria for recognition in the current period. In subsequent periods, when revenue recognition criteria are met, the government has a legal claim to the resources, or the revenue has been earned, the liability is removed and revenue is recognized.

L. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium, discount, and deferred refunding costs. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

M. Nonexchange Transactions

The standards established by GASB Statement No. 33, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions", provide accounting and reporting for the following four categories of nonexchange transactions: 1) Derived tax revenues, 2) Imposed nonexchange revenues, 3) Government-mandated nonexchange transactions, and 4) Voluntary nonexchange transactions. Nonexchange transactions involve financial or capital resources in which the government either gives value to another party without directly receiving equal value in exchange or receives value from another party without directly giving equal value in exchange.

Assets from Derived Tax Revenues are recognized when the underlying exchange has occurred or when the resources are received, whichever first. Revenues are recognized when the underlying exchange has occurred and resources are available to the government.

Assets from Imposed Nonexchange Revenues are recognized when an enforceable legal claim has arisen or when resources are received, whichever occurs first. Revenues are recognized when resources are required to be used or the first period that use is permitted. Resources must also be available to the government.

Assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenditures from Government-Mandated and Voluntary Nonexchange Transactions are generally recognized when all eligibility requirements have been met.

Resources received before the eligibility requirements are fulfilled are reported as deferred revenues. Eligibility requirements can include one or more of the following:

- The recipient has the characteristics specified by the provider.
- Time requirements specified by the provider have been met.
- 3. The provider offers resources on a reimbursement basis and allowable costs have been incurred under the applicable program.
- 4. The provider's offer of resources is contingent upon a specified action of the recipient and that action has occurred.

N. Net Assets/Fund Balances

The County's net assets in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as follows:

Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt: This represents the County's total investment in capital assets, net of outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

Restricted Net Assets: Restricted expendable net assets include resources in which the County is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by third parties.

Unrestricted Net Assets: Unrestricted net assets represent resources derived from ad valorem taxes, earnings on investments, state/local grants, fees, and shared revenues.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

At year end, the County had the following investments:

Investment Type	air Value
Local Government Investment Pool	\$ 3,431,206
Total Investments	\$ 3,431,206

Interest rate risk is the risk that a change in interest rate will cause the fair value of a government's financial instruments to drop or will negatively affect the government's cash flows. The County's investment policy does not address interest rate risk.

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty will not meet its obligations. The County's investment policy does not address credit risk but limits its investments to obligations of the United States and its agencies, general obligations of South Carolina and its political subdivisions, savings and loan associations if their deposits are insured by an agency of the federal government, certificates of deposits insured by obligations of the United States or general obligation bonds of the State of South Carolina or its political subdivisions, and repurchase agreements when collateralized by United States obligations.

Concentration of credit risk - the County's investment policy does not address concentration of credit risk.

Custodial credit risk - deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to the County. The County's investment policy requires deposits to be insured by the federal government or its agencies or collaterally secured by the federal government or its agencies. As of June 30, 2010, the County's bank balance was \$10,178,085 and the carrying value was \$8,845,963. Of the bank balance \$10,178,085, the amount that was exposed to custodial credit risk totaled \$7,369,274. Deposits totaling \$4,712,116 were uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or its agent but not in the County's name. The bank balance of \$2,657,158 was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or its agent in the County's name.

Custodial credit risk - Investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The deposit and investment policy of the County adheres to State statutes and prudent business practice. Deposits of the governmental funds are either maintained in demand deposits or savings accounts, certificates of deposits, or repurchase agreements.

Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to Fund Financial Statements

Cash and Investments	
Cash and Investments	\$ 8,849,875
Restricted Cash and Investments	 3,431,206
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 12,281,081
Total Cabi and In Comment	
Petty Cash	\$ 3,912
Deposits Carrying Value	8,845,963
•	3,431,206
Investments	
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 12,281,081

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Component Unit Cash and Investments

The carrying value of deposits for Williamsburg County Library totaled \$130,580, which were insured by the Federal Depositors Insurance Corporation.

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2010 consist of the following:

		Governmental-Type Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total
Taxes Receivable, Net	\$	1,150,897	\$	0	\$	1,150,897
Accounts Receivable, Net		0		141,740		141,740
Due From Others		512,895		0		512,895
Due From State Government		1,520,499		0		1,520,499
Court Fines Receivable, Net		86,048		0		86,048
Interest Receivable		0		7,667		7,667
Other Receivables	_	1,406,532		59,339	-	1,465,871
Total Receivables	\$_	4,676,871	\$_	208,746	\$ _	4,885,617

Taxes receivable in the governmental activities are reported net of allowance for uncollectible tax of \$520,850. Court fines receivable are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible fines of \$390,262 in the governmental activities. Ambulance fees are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible fees of \$855,900. Accounts receivable in the business-type activities have been reported net of allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$6,164. Accounts receivable in the governmental funds have been reported net of allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$72,683.

Property taxes receivable that do not meet the availability requirement have been recorded as deferred revenue in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 4 - RESTRICTED ASSETS

The County has recorded cash and investments as restricted in the amount of \$4,811,345 in the governmental funds for special fees collected to fund the closure and post-closure cost of the landfill in the amount of \$3,440,772 and \$1,132,955 received by the debt service fund to meet debt service reserve requirements and \$107,609 general obligation bond proceeds restricted for capital improvements for fire stations. The County has recorded cash and investments of \$130,009 as restricted for lease purchases. The restricted cash in the business-type activities is the required restriction for debt service for outstanding Rural Development Bonds.

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2010 was as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Governmental Activities.		Beginning				Ending
	_	Balance	Increases	-	Decreases	Balance
Capital Assets, not being Depreciated						
Land	\$	1,829,225 \$	0	\$_	0 \$	1,829,225
Total, not being Depreciated	\$_	1,829,225 \$	0	\$_	0_\$	1,829,225
Capital Assets, being Depreciated:						
Land Improvements	\$	5,482,473 \$	103,000	\$	0 \$	5,585,473
Road and Bridges		4,851,668	192,430		0	5,044,098
Buildings		6,255,614	522,600		0	6,778,214
Building Improvements		4,799,023	0		0	4,799,023
Leasehold Improvements		428,321	113,556		0	541,877
Furniture & Fixtures		1,657,815	0		0	1,657,815
Machinery & Equipment		3,035,853	156,092		0	3,191,945
Automotive Equipment		7,489,241	2,061,973		0	9,551,214
Communication Equipment	_	285,025	0	_	0	285,025
Total, being Depreciated	\$_	34,285,033 \$	3,149,651	\$ _	0 \$_	37,434,684
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:						
Land Improvements	\$	(2,152,318)\$	(261,753)	\$	0 \$	(2,414,071)
Road and Bridges		(1,589,111)	(333,858)		0	(1,922,969)
Buildings		(2,472,024)	(173,731)		0	(2,645,755)
Building Improvements		(2,497,763)	(153,777)		0	(2,651,540)
Leasehold Improvements		(236,732)	(24,069)		0	(260,801)
Furniture & Fixtures		(810,385)	(64,890)		0	(875,275)
Machinery & Equipment		(2,652,122)	(250,181)		0	(2,902,303)
Automotive Equipment		(6,068,285)	(890,192)		0	(6,958,477)
Communication Equipment	_	(60,564)	(19,944)	_	0	(80,508)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$_	(18,539,304)\$	(2,172,395)	\$ _	0 \$	(20,711,699)
Total, being Depreciated, Net	\$_	15,745,729 \$	977,256	\$ _	0 \$_	16,722,985
Total Governmental Activities, Net	\$ _	17,574,954 \$	977,256	\$ _	0_\$	18,552,210

Capital Asset additions in the governmental funds totaled \$3,149,651, and the current year depreciation expense totaled \$2,172,395.

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Business-Type Activities:	-	Beginning Balance	_	Increases	-	Decreases	-	Ending Balance
Capital Assets, not being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	148,000	\$	0	\$	0	\$	148,000
Construction in Progress		2,973,224	_	5,639,005	_	0		8,612,229
Total, not being Depreciated	\$.	3,121,224	\$ _	5,639,005	\$_	0	\$	8,760,229
Capital Assets, being Depreciated:								
Land Improvements	\$	13,444	\$	0	\$	0	\$	13,444
Buildings		194,731		0		0		194,731
Building Improvements		87,470		0		0		87,470
Water Distribution System		15,796,385		284,134		0		16,080,519
Furniture & Fixtures		315,917		0		0		315,917
Machinery & Equipment		197,163		5,137		0		202,300
Automotive Equipment		2,667,981		681,665		104,386		3,245,260
Communication Equipment		708,923	_	0	_	0		708,923
Total, being Depreciated	\$	19,982,014	\$ _	970,936	\$ _	104,386	\$	20,848,564
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Land Improvements	\$	(13,444)	\$	0	\$	0	\$	(13,444)
Buildings		(161,271)		(5,758)		0		(167,029)
Building Improvements		(40,196)		(4,647)		0		(44,843)
Water Distribution System		(2,292,030)		(475,899)		0		(2,767,929)
Furniture & Fixtures		(196,067)		(19,645)		0		(215,712)
Machinery & Equipment		(105,454)		(15,476)		0		(120,930)
Automotive Equipment		(1,827,896)		(307,617)		104,386		(2,031,127)
Communication Equipment		(207,305)		(47,261)		0		(254,566)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	(4,843,663)	\$	(876,303)	\$	104,386	\$	(5,615,580)
Total, being Depreciated, Net	\$	15,138,351	\$_	94,633	\$_	0	\$	15,232,984
Total Business-Type Activities, Net	\$	18,259,575	\$ _	5,733,638	\$ _	0	\$	23,993,213

The capital asset additions of business-type activities totaled \$6,609,941 and depreciation expense in business-type activities totaled \$876,303. Assets totaling \$104,386 were disposed of during the year that had accumulated depreciation of \$104,386.

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation Expense was charged to the component unit as follows:

Cultural & Recreation

Construction in Progress totaling \$8,612,229 at June 30, 2010 represents funds expended on the following water and sewer improvements:

improvements:					
			Cost to	Expected	
		CIP	Complete	Completion	
S. Williamsburg Phase II	\$	3,629,985\$	175,371	July 2010	
Kingstree 377 Connector		528,825	220,026	January 2011	
Lane Sewer Project		1,779,372	552,130	July 2010	
Kingstree East Phase I		2,661,046	355,582	October 2010	1
Kingstree East Phase II		13,001	3,500,000	October 2011	
Depreciation expense was charged to the following	owing 1	functions:			
Governmental Activities:					
General Government				\$	116,426
Public Safety					882,658
Public Works					505,438
Health and Human Services					211,839
Economic Development					215,390
Environmental Services - Landfill					117,470
Cultural and Recreation					123,174
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental	Activit	ies		\$	2,172,395
Business-Type Activities:					
Water & Sewer Fund				\$	475,898
Williamsburg County Transit System					320,887
E 911 Fund				Name and the state of the state	79,518
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type	Activit	ries		\$	876,303
Component Units:		ъ			Ending
C. Salarasa haine demonstated		Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets being depreciated				Decreases	Dataneo
Vehicles	\$			\$ 0 \$	131,600
Computer Equipment		187,751 189,436	0 0	0 0	187,751 189,436
Furniture & Fixtures Total capital assets being depreciated	\$			\$ 0 \$	508,787
Total capital assets being depreciated	Ψ	550,767	Ψ •	-	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(402,405)	(20,443)	0	(422,848)
Net capital assets being depreciated	\$	106,382	\$ (20,443)	\$ \$	85,939

20,443

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Total assets purchased under capital leases are as follows:

		Governmental	Business-Type
		Activities	Activities
Asset Cost	\$	4,149,305 \$	537,734
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(3,411,721)	(179,245)
Totals	\$ _	737,584 \$	358,489

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. At June 30, 2010, interfund receivables and payables resulting from various interfund transactions were as follows. All balances are expected to be repaid within the following year.

		Due From Other Funds	 Due To Other Funds
General Fund	\$	1,890,076	\$ 0
Rural Fire Fund		24,866	0
Landfill Fund		0	771,315
Other Governmental Funds		149,547	123,302
Debt Service Fund		0	311,357
Williamsburg County Transit System Fund		28,760	0
E911 Fund		0	887,850
Water & Sewer	_	575	0
Totals	\$ _	2,093,824	\$ 2,093,824

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL LEASES

The County's governmental activities have four (4) lease purchase agreements and its business-type activities have one (1) lease purchase agreement. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

Future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2010, are as follows:

	 Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	 Total
2011	\$ 921,286	\$	52,010	\$ 973,296
2012	429,943		0	429,943
2012	213,437		0	213,437
Total Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 1,564,666	\$	52,010	\$ 1,616,676
Less: Amount Representing Interest	 (73,705)		(1,379)	 (75,084)
Totals	\$ 1,490,961	\$_	50,631	\$ 1,541,592

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities during the year ended June 30, 2010:

, and the second	Beginning		Ending	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:	Balance	Additions Red	uctions Balance	One rear
Bonds Payable: General Obligation Bonds Plus Unamortized Premium Bond Anticipation Notes Total Bonds Payable Landfill Closure Cost Capital Leases Claims and Judgments Compensated Absences	\$ 6,016,666 \$ 18,749 1,585,712 \$ 7,621,127 \$ 6,656,472 1,956,428 229,864 546,020	0 0 0 \$ (174,572 415,000 229,052	587,663) 5,429,003 (1,705) 17,044 185,712) 1,400,000 (775,080) 6,846,047 (75,000) 6,756,044 (880,467) 1,490,961 (11,595) 447,321 (546,020) 660,226	0 1,400,000
Totals	\$ <u>17,009,911</u> \$	1,478,850 \$ (2.	,288,162) \$ 16,200,599	\$3,868,979
Business-Type Activities: Bonds Payable: Revenue Bonds Bond Anticipation Notes Total Bonds Payable Capital Leases Vehicle Acquisition Plan Claims and Judgments Compensated Absences	Beginning Balance \$ 488,069 \$ 2,102,000 \$ 2,590,069 \$ 98,802 78,868 65,784 70,181	2,102,000 \$ 3,215,195 (2, 5,317,195 \$ (2,	Ending Balance (21,964) \$ 2,568,105 102,000) 3,215,195 123,964) \$ 5,783,300 (48,171) 50,631 (12,694) 66,174 0 129,706 (70,181) 62,874	3,215,195 \$ 3,242,019 50,631 12,693 0
Totals	\$2,903,704_\$	5,443,991 \$ (2,	255,010) \$ 6,092,685	\$3,336,781
Component Unit: Williamsburg County Library	Beginning Balance	Additions Red	Ending ductions Balance	Due Within One Year
Claims and Judgments Compensated Absences	\$ 5,460 S	5,327 \$ 12,677	0 \$ 10,787 (12,333) 12,677	
Totals	\$ 17,793	18,004 \$	(12,333) \$ 23,464	\$12,677

Payments on bonds and capital leases that pertain to the governmental activities will be made by the debt service fund. Payments made for landfill closure cost will be made from the landfill fund. The compensated absences liability attributed to the governmental activities will be liquidated by the general fund and will be charged to the other funds based on management's assessment of the appropriate cost objective.

Claims and judgement liabilities will generally be liquidated through the County's general fund. That fund will finance the payment of those claims and judgements by charging the other funds based on management's assessment of the appropriate cost objective.

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

On September 1, 2004, Williamsburg County issued General Obligation Bonds of \$3,275,000 which include a current refunding of the Rural Fire Bonds of 1990, General Obligation Bonds of 1990, General Obligation Bonds of 1994, and General Obligation Bonds of 1996. The bonds were refunded at book value. The bonds are not considered as part of the County's legal debt limit as the Rural Fire Bonds are part of the Rural Fire District.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for obligations outstanding at June 30, 2010 are as follows:

General Obligation Bonds of 2004 (Issued 9/1/04) Maturity Date September 1, 2020

Fiscal Year	Interest	212404177				Interest		Interest		Total Annual
Ending	Rate	Balance		Principal	_	Sept. 1		March 1	_	Payments
2011	3.00%	\$ 2,280,000	\$	140,000	\$	44,147	\$	44,148	\$	228,295
2012	3.00%	2,140,000		150,000		41,698		41,697		233,395
2013	3,25%	1,990,000		160,000		39,074		39,074		238,148
2014	3.25%	1,830,000		235,000		36,272		36,273		307,545
2015	3.50%-4.00%	1,595,000		245,000		32,043		32,043		309,085
2016-2020	4.00%-4.10%	1,350,000		1,350,000		83,011		83,012		1,516,023
Totals	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-,,-	\$	2,280,000	\$	276,245	\$	276,246	\$_	2,832,491
10(413			===		=		_			

General Obligation Bonds of 1998 (Issued 06/01/98)

Maturity Date June 1, 2013

Fiscal Year	Interest	,				Interest		Total Annual
Ending	Rate	Balance		Principal	_	December 1	_	Payments
2011	5.50%	\$ 200,000	\$	66,665	\$	11,100	\$	77,765
2012	5.50%	133,335		66,665		7,400		74,065
2013	5.50%	66,670	_	66,670		3,703		70,373
Totals			\$_	200,000	\$_	22,203	\$_	222,203

General Obligation Bonds of 1999 (Issued 07/18/99) Maturity Date July 18, 2014

Fiscal Year	Interest			•			Interest		Interest		Total Annual
Ending	Rate		Balance		Principal	D	ecember 1		June 1		Payments
2011	4.400%	-	890,000	\$	205,000	\$	20,025	\$	20,025	\$	245,050
2012	4.400%		685,000		215,000		15,413		15,412		245,825
2013	4.400%		470,000		230,000		10,575		10,575		251,150
2014	4.400%		240,000		240,000		5,400	_	5,400	_	250,800
Totals				\$_	890,000	\$_	51,413	\$	51,412	\$_	992,825

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Bond Anticipation Loans (Issued 06/04/10)

Maturity Date June 3, 2011

Fiscal					Total
Year	Interest			Interest	Annual
Ending	Rate	Balance	Principal	June 3	Payments
2011	2.60%	 1,400,000 \$ _	1,400,000\$	36,400 \$	1,436,400
Totals		\$_	1,400,000\$	36,400 \$	1,436,400

General Obligation Bonds of 2009 (Issued 04/01/09)

Maturity April 1, 2019

Fiscal Year	Interest			Interest	Total Annual
Ending	Rate	Balance	Principal	April l	Payments
2011	3.59%	\$ 2,059,003 \$	197,854\$	73,918\$	271,772
2012	3.59%	1,861,149	204,956	66,815	271,771
2013	3.59%	1,656,193	212,314	59,457	271,771
2014	3.59%	1,443,879	219,937	51,835	271,772
2015	3.59%	1,223,942	227,832	43,940	271,772
2016-2019	3.59%	996,110	996,110	90,976	1,087,086
Totals		\$ _	2,059,003\$	386,941 \$	2,445,944

The legal debt limit for the County is eight per centum of the assessed valuation of the taxable property in the County. Based on the 2010 assessed valuation of \$88,589,610 the legal debt limit is approximately \$7,087,000. At June 30, 2010, the County has general obligation bonds outstanding of \$2,290,000 subject to the legal debt limit.

Revenue Bonds of 2002 (Issued 05/17/02)

Maturity February 17, 2045

			2120000000	- ,		
Fiscal Year	Interest					Total Annual
Ending	Rate		Balance	Principal	Interest	Payments
2011	4,50%	- \$	447,290 \$	5,833 \$	20,627 \$	26,460
2012	4.50%		441,457	6,101	20,359	26,460
2013	4.50%		435,356	6,381	20,079	26,460
2014	4.50%		428,975	6,674	19,786	26,460
2015	4.50%		422,301	6,981	19,479	26,460
2016-2020	4.50%		415,320	40,021	92,279	132,300
2021-2025	4.50%		375,299	50,098	82,202	132,300
2026-2030	4.50%		325,201	62,713	69,587	132,300
2031-2035	4.50%		262,488	78,504	53,796	132,300
2036-2040	4.50%		183,984	98,272	35,028	133,300
2041-2045	4.50%		85,712	85,712	23,438	109,150
Totals			\$ _	447,290 \$	456,660 \$	903,950

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Revenue Bonds of 2002 (Issued 05/17/02) Maturity February 17, 2042

Fiscal Year	Interest	viaturity i oora	, ,			Total Annual
Ending	Rate	Balance	Principal	Interest	_	Payments
2011	4.50%	\$ 34,119 \$	476	\$ 1,552	\$	2,028
2012	4.50%	33,643	498	1,530		2,028
2013	4.50%	33,145	521	1,507		2,028
2014	4.50%	32,624	544	1,484		2,028
2015	4.50%	32,080	569	1,459		2,028
2016-2020	4.50%	31,511	3,266	6,874		10,140
2021-2025	4.50%	28,245	4,087	6,053		10,140
2026-2030	4.50%	24,158	5,115	5,025		10,140
2031-2035	4.50%	19,043	6,403	3,737		10,140
2036-2040	4.50%	12,640	8,014	2,126		10,140
2041-2042	4.50%	4,626	4,626	927		5,553
Totals	1.50%	\$	34,119	\$ 32,274	\$_	66,393

Revenue Bonds of 2009 (Issued 12/10/08) Maturity October 17, 2049

		indicating and						
Fiscal Year	Interest							Total Annual
		Dalamaa		Principal		Interest		Payments
Ending	Rate	 Balance					φ-	
2011	4.375%	\$ 2,086,696	\$	20,515	\$	90,977	\$	111,492
2012	4.375%	2,066,181		21,430		90,062		111,492
2013	4.375%	2,044,751		22,387		89,105		111,492
2014	4.375%	2,022,364		23,387		88,105		111,492
2015	4.375%	1,998,977		24,430		87,062		111,492
2016-2020	4.375%	1,974,547		139,516		417,944		557,460
2021-2025	4.375%	1,835,031		173,559		383,901		557,460
2026-2030	4.375%	1,661,472		215,913		341,547		557,460
2031-2035	4.375%	1,445,559		268,602		288,858		557,460
2036-2040	4.375%	1,176,957		334,145		223,315		557,460
2041-2045	4.375%	842,812		415,686		141,774		557,460
2046-2050	4.375%	427,126		427,126		102,803	_	529,929
Totals			\$ <u></u>	2,086,696	\$_	2,345,453	\$_	4,432,149
Lotais			_					

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Williamsburg County obtained interim financing for two waterworks improvement projects that will be completed in fiscal year 2011 and refinanced with Rural Development Revenue Bonds.

Ending Rate Balance Timerpur	Payments 2,608,429 2,608,429
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2010A Waterworks System Improvement Bond Anticipation Note

Fiscal	Interset							Total Annual
Year Ending	Interest Rate		Balance	Principal	_	Interest	_	Payments
2011	2.50%	- \$	682,740	\$ 682,740	\$_	17,069	\$_	699,809
Totals				\$ 682,740	\$_	17,069	\$_	699,809

The annual requirements to amortize bond anticipation notes, general obligation and revenue bonds, vehicle acquisition plan payments, and capital leases, as of June 30, 2010 are as follows:

		C	hover	nmental Activities		Business-Type Activities				
	-	Principal		Interest	Total		Principal	Interest		Total
2011	\$	2,883,866	\$	296,702 \$	3,180,568	\$	3,305,344 \$	207,578	\$	3,512,922
2012	Ψ	1,046,776	•	208,223	1,254,999		40,723	111,951		152,674
2012		875,443		169,436	1,044,879		41,983	110,691		152,674
2013		694,937		135,180	830,117		43,299	109,375		152,674
2015		472,832		108,025	580,857		44,674	108,000		152,674
2013-2019		2,346,110		256,999	2,603,109		185,507	517,097		702,604
2010-2020		2,540,110		0	0		227,744	472,156		699,900
2021-2023		0		0	0		283,741	416,159		699,900
		0		0	0		353,509	346,391		699,900
2031-2035		0		0	0		440,431	260,469		700,900
2036-2040		0		0	0		506,024	166,139		672,163
2041-2045		0		0	0		427,126	102,803		529,929
2046-2050	Φ-		φ	<u></u>	9,494,529	. ₋	5,900,105 \$	2,928,809	\$	8,828,914
Totals	\$ _	8,319,964	\$	1,1/4,303 5	2,474,522	: Ψ=	<u> </u>			

NOTE 9 - OPERATING LEASES

The County was engaged in a 2-year noncancelable operating lease of an office building used for social services, which expired in November 2007 at a monthly lease payment of \$13,500. Rental expense associated with the lease for the year ended June 30, 2010 is \$162,000 and is reflected by the County as current-general government expenditures. The County is currently continuing to rent the office building used for social services in the amount of \$13,500 per month on a month-by-month basis.

NOTE 10 - CONTINGENCIES

Grants: Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies in previous years are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, could become a liability to the general fund or other applicable funds.

Litigation: As of June 30, 2010, actions have been alleged against the County in which it has denied liability. Any liability would be covered by the Insurance Reserve Fund up to the policy limit. The outcome or the amount of recovery, if any, cannot be predicted with certainty. Accordingly, no liability has been recorded.

Unemployment Compensation: The County makes payments to the South Carolina Employment Security Commission on a reimbursement basis for costs incurred in the administration of the state unemployment compensation statutes. Claims incurred but not reported at June 30, 2010 are not determinable.

Other Commitments: County Council approved a loan of \$182,000 from the SBA revolving loan fund to South Carolina Shrimp Biotech, Inc. which was issued at November 19, 2008 at the Wall Street prime rate interest only for nine months and monthly payments of \$3,188.73 to begin on September 7, 2009. County Council approved a loan of \$520,650 from the revolving fund to Williamsburg County Development Corporation, which is a no interest, no recourse lease purchase transaction with a maturity date of October 15, 2010. County Council approved a loan of \$178,539 to the Performance Fabrics and Fibers, LLC with monthly payments of \$3,794 and a maturity date of December 15, 2010. This is a no interest and no recourse loan. The County Council approved a loan to Hemingway apparel in the amount of \$50,000 with a maturity date of December 31, 2010.

NOTE 11 - INTERFUND TRANSFER RECONCILIATION

Transfers are used to move certain revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Transfers between the County's various funds are generally made to fund Council approved projects. A schedule of transfers is as follows:

	Т	ransfers In	 Transfers Out
0 17 1	\$	1,004,600	\$ 2,163,342
General Fund	·	0	81,467
Rural Fire Fund		343,803	1,004,600
Debt Service Fund		0	27,256
Landfill Fund		1,266,983	235,081
Other Governmental Funds		216,428	0
Williamsburg County Transit Enterprise Fund		·	0
E-911 Enterprise Fund		679,932	
Totals	\$	3,511,746	\$ 3,511,746
Totals			

NOTE 12 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

Williamsburg County offers its employees two deferred compensation plans complying with IRC 457 and IRC 401(k). These plans are available to all County employees through the South Carolina State Treasurer's Office. The plans offer a variety of investment choices to the participant. The deferred compensation cannot be withdrawn by the participant until separation of employment, retirement, death, disability or an approved hardship.

In 1996, Congress passed new legislation to govern IRC Section 457 plans. Specifically, the new legislation concludes that a plan shall not be treated as an eligible deferred compensation plan unless all assets and income of the plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries. During the year ended June 30, 1999, the South Carolina Deferred Compensation Commission modified their plan to comply with the new legislative requirements.

NOTE 12 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Governmental Accounting Standards Board's Statement No. 32 was issued to address the financial reporting ramifications of the new federal legislation and states that a fiduciary relationship must exist for a governmental entity to report the balances and transactions related to the plan in its financial statements. According to the provisions of the statement, it was determined that a fiduciary relationship did not exist for the County's IRC Section 457 plan, and likewise, its balance has not been recorded in the County's financial statements.

NOTE 13 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Williamsburg County contributes to the South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS) and to the Police Officers Retirement System (PORS). Title 9-1-480 Code of Laws of South Carolina, 1976 (as amended), states that all eligible persons, except those specifically excluded, shall become members of SCRS or PORS as a condition of their employment. The responsibility for administration of the system is assigned by law to the State Budget & Control Board.

SCRS and PORS are both maintained as a cost-sharing multiple-employer Public Employees Retirement System (PERS).

Generally all full-time employees who are responsible for the preservation of the public order are members of the PORS; the remaining County employees are members of the SCRS.

South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS): Covered general County employees participate in the SCRS, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan. The SCRS provides retirement and disability benefits, with cost of living adjustments on an ad hoc basis, life insurance benefits, and survivor benefits. Member employees currently contribute 6.50% of their annual compensation. The employer contribution is 9.39% of the total membership's annual compensation; included is the entire cost of group life insurance for covered employees at the rate of .15%.

Employees attaining the age of 65 or having 28 years of credited service are entitled to 1.82% of average final compensation. Other available benefits include group life insurance coverage after one year's membership, (immediate coverage if death is job related), disability coverage after five years' membership (immediate coverage if job related), vesting rights after five years' membership (with survivor allowance after 15 years creditable service or age 65). Benefit provisions are established under the authority of Title 9 of the SC Code of Laws.

The benefits at retirement are determined by the following formula: 1.82% of an employee's average final compensation multiplied by the number of years of credited service.

Police Officers Retirement System (PORS): Covered County employees (i.e. whose principal duties are the preservation of public order) are required to participate in the PORS, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan. The PORS provides both retirement and death benefits on an employee and employer contribution basis. Member employees currently contribute 6.5% of their annual compensation. The employer contribution is 11.05% of the total membership's annual compensation; included is the entire cost of group life insurance for covered employees at the rate of .20% and the entire cost of accidental death for covered employees at the rate of .20%. As a member of the PORS an employee can elect to retire after reaching age 55 with at least five years of credited service, or 25 years of service credit regardless of age. Another option available is when an employee has completed five years of credited service prior to age 55, they can retire yet defer their retirement allowance until they reach age 55. Other benefits include disability coverage after five years membership (immediate coverage if job related), group life insurance coverage after one year of credited service (immediate coverage if job related), accidental death program allowing a monthly pension equal to 50% of the member's budgeted compensation at the time of death, and vesting rights after five years membership. Benefit provisions are established under the authority of Title 9 of the SC Code of Laws.

NOTE 13 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

The benefits at retirement are determined by the following formula: 2.14% of an employee's average final compensation multiplied by the number of years of credited service.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2010:

Primary C	overnment
-----------	-----------

ary dovernment		Payroll	Contributions					
		Covered		Employee		Employer_	_	Total
SCRS	\$	6,815,537	\$	443,010	\$	639,979	\$	1,082,989
PORS	•	2,610,549		169,686		288,466		458,152
Totals	\$	9,426,086	\$	612,696	\$	928,445	\$_	1,542,141
	-		_					

Component Unit Payroll			Contributions					
2		Covered		Employee_		Employer		Total
SCRS	\$	185,221	\$	12,040	\$	17,392	\$_	29,432
Totals	\$	185,221	\$	12,040	\$	17,392	\$	29,432
	-		===		-		_	

Funding Policy: Both employers and employees are required to contribute to the plans under authority of Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. Employee required contributions to the plans are as follows:

SCRS 6.50% of Salary

Employers are required to contribute at the following actuarially determined rates:

SCRS Local Government 9.24%

In addition to the above rates participating employers of the South Carolina Retirement System contribute .15% of payroll to provide a group life insurance benefit for their participants.

Participating employers under the Police Officer Retirement System also contribute .2% of payroll to provide a group life insurance benefit and .2% of payroll to provide an accidental death benefit for their participants. All employers contribute at the actuarially required contribution rates.

Three Year Trend Information:

Primary Government Fiscal Year Ended 06/30/10	SCRS Annual Employer Contribution \$639,979 \$613,542	PORS Annual Employer Contribution \$288,466 \$270,858	Percentage Contributed For Current Year 100%
06/30/09	\$613,542	\$270,838	100%
06/30/08	\$594,383	\$257,057	

NOTE 13 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

Year Ended Contribution For Current Year 06/30/10 \$17,932 100% 06/30/09 \$17,948 100%	06/30/10 06/30/09	\$17,932 \$17,948	100% 100%	
06/30/08 \$13,612 100%	06/30/08	\$13,612	100%	

All contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year.

Ten-year historical trend information presenting the SCRS and PORS progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Component Unit Financial Report issued annually by the South Carolina Retirement Systems. A Comprehensive Annual Financial Report containing financial statements and required supplemental information for the South Carolina Retirement System and Police Officer Retirement System is issued and publicly available by writing the South Carolina Retirement System, P.O. Box 11960, Columbia, SC 29211-1960.

Effective January 1, 2001, Section 9-1-2210 of the South Carolina Code of Laws allows employees eligible for service retirement to participate in the Teacher and Employee Retention Incentive (TERI) Program. TERI participants may retire and begin accumulating retirement benefits on a deferred basis without terminating employment for up to five years. Upon termination of employment or at the end of the TERI period, whichever is earlier, participants will begin receiving monthly service retirement benefits which will include any cost of living adjustments granted during the TERI period. Because participants are considered retired during the TERI period, they do not make SCRS contributions, do not earn service credit, and are ineligible to receive group life insurance benefits or disability retirement benefits.

NOTE 14 - SOLID WASTE MUNICIPAL LANDFILL

The Resource Conservation And Recovery Act ("RCRA"), the federal regulations which address solid waste landfill closure, was amended with more stringent closure requirements for landfills that operate beyond October 1993. The South Carolina Solid Waste Policy and Management Act of 1991 set forth certain requirements for landfills. Pursuant to the Act, South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control promulgated regulations establishing performance standards for the closure and post closure care of landfills. Chapter 61-107.258.60 Subpart F establishes the criteria for closure and post-closure care of landfills in South Carolina.

State and federal laws and regulations require that Williamsburg County place a final cover on its landfill when closed and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for thirty years after closure. In addition to operating expenses related to current activities of the landfill, an expense provision and related liability are being recognized based on the future closure and post closure care costs that will be incurred near or after the date the landfill no longer accepts waste. The recognition of the landfill closure and post closure care costs is based on the amount of landfill used during the year. The estimated liability for landfill closure and post closure care costs has a balance of \$5,587,325 as of June 30, 2010 which is based on 96.07% usage of the old landfill.

In conjunction with new regulations regarding closure requirements for C&D landfills, the County elected to account for C&D closure costs over the active life of the landfill similar to the costs recognition principles for municipal solid waste landfills. The current addition of \$105,653 represents the current year increase based on the percentage of usage during the current year. The total estimated closure cost of the C&D landfill is \$1,388,830 of which \$1,168,719 has been recorded as a liability which represents 84.15% usage of the landfill expansion.

NOTE 14 - SOLID WASTE MUNICIPAL LANDFILL (CONTINUED)

	Beginning Balance			Ending
Estimated Liability for Closure & Post Closure	(As Restated)	Additions	Retirements	Balance
	\$ 5,593,406	68,919	\$ (75,000) \$	5,587,325
Landfill C&D Landfill	1,063,066	105,653	0	1,168,719
Totals	\$6,656,472	174,572	\$(75,000) \$	6,756,044

The estimated post closure cost of the landfill of \$6,034,280 and the estimated closure and post closure cost of the C&D landfill of \$1,338,830 are based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and service required to close, monitor, and maintain the landfill were acquired as of June 30, 2009. However, the actual cost of closure and post closure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

The South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (SCDHEC) has issued a permit to operate a sanitary landfill.

NOTE 15 - DEFERRED REVENUE

Deferred revenue in the general fund represents current year taxes which do not meet the availability criteria for recognition of \$505,342 and deferred court fines of \$50,013, and deferred ambulance fees of \$252,697 and grant funds of \$457,418.

Deferred revenue in the landfill special revenue funds represents current year taxes which do not meet the availability criteria for revenue recognition of \$107,132.

Deferred revenue in the debt service fund of \$144,126 represents taxes receivable which do not meet the availability criteria for revenue recognition.

Deferred revenue in the rural fire fund represents current year taxes which do not meet the availability criteria for revenue recognition of \$84,092.

Deferred revenue in the other governmental funds represent current year taxes that do not meet the criteria for recognition of \$6,170 and grant funds totaling \$3,245.

NOTE 16 - SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The following Enterprise Funds have been created to provide various services to the general public:

Water & Sewer Fund - established to account for the operation of the County's water & sewer services.

Williamsburg County Transit Authority - established to account for transportation services provided to the general public.

E 911 Fund - established to account for the operation of the County's E-911 operations.

NOTE 16 - SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Segment information for these Enterprise Funds is summarized below for the year ended June 30, 2010:

	 Water & Sewer Fund	Williamsburg County Transit System	E-911 Fund
Operating Revenues	\$ 1,134,019	\$ 862,512 \$	401,125
Depreciation	475,898	320,887	79,518
Operating Income (Loss)	78,176	(1,312,322)	(676,730)
Interfund Transfers	0	216,428	679,932
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	2,336,824	1,384,764	(3,203)
Net Income (Loss)	2,415,000	288,870	(1)
Property, Plant and Equipment		265.015	(70.519)
Net Additions	5,447,241	365,915	(79,518)
Net Working Capital	(2,905,971)	1,823,893	(832,492)
Total Assets	22,870,878	3,190,683	765,671
Bonds and Other Long-Term Liabilities Payable from Revenues	2,542,503 16,596,346	176,676 2,959,046	36,725 (232,653)
Total Net Assets	, , ,		

NOTE 17 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The County and its component unit are exposed to various risks of loss and pay insurance premiums to certain State agencies and commercial insurers to cover risks that may occur in normal operations. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant losses for the covered risk. The County has not had a significant reduction in insurance in the last three years and has not had claims in excess of coverage in the last three years.

Several State funds accumulate assets and the State itself assumes substantially all risks for the following:

- 1. Claims of State employees for unemployment compensation benefits (Employment Security Commission).
- Claims of covered employees for workers compensation benefits for job-related illnesses or injuries (State Accident Fund).
- 3. Claims of covered public employees for long-term disability and group-life insurance benefits (Retirement Systems).

NOTE 18 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Williamsburg County Development Corporation is a non-profit organization and was established as a certified development company in accordance with Title V of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958, as amended. The County's accountability for this organization does not extend beyond the initial appointments to the Corporation's board. The County Supervisor and Chairman of County Council are members of this board.

Williamsburg County and the Town of Kingstree entered into an intergovernmental agreement in July 1999 to build a new library building. The building is used by the Library Commission, owned by the Town, and is leased indefinitely to the County for \$1 annually.

NOTE 19 - FUND BALANCE RESERVATIONS AND DESIGNATIONS

The following is a list of all reserves by the County and a brief description of each:

Reserve for Debt Service - an account used to restrict the fund balance of funds collected for the repayment of debts.

Reserve for Closure Costs - an account used to segregate a portion of fund balance to indicate funds collected to fund the closure and postclosure costs of the landfill does not represent available, spendable resources even though it is a component of current assets.

Reserve for Special Projects - an account used to segregate a portion of fund balance to indicate funds collected in these funds are restricted for specific purposes.

Reserve for Prepaid Expense - an account used to segregate a portion of fund balance to indicate that these funds do not represent available, spendable resources even though it is a component of current assets.

Reserve for Inventory - an account used to segregate a portion of fund balance to indicate that these funds do not represent available, spendable resources even though it is a component of current assets.

Reserved for Capital Projects - an account used to segregate a portion of fund balance to indicate that these funds are restricted for specific purposes.

The following net assets have been restricted as a result of enabling legislation in the government-wide statements:

Trick 1 Commisses	\$ 14,361
Victim's Services	2,281
Clerk of Court IVD Incentive	3,222
Sheriff Special Narcotics	,

NOTE 20 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 21, 2010, Williamsburg County obtained a Tax Anticipation note in the amount of \$3,200,000 at an interest rate of 2.03% which matures on April 15, 2011.

On December 2, 2010, Williamsburg County obtained a lease purchase agreement in the amount of \$1,220,000.

On October 14, 2010, Williamsburg County issued the Waterworks and Sewer Improvement Revenue Bonds 2010A in the amount of \$684,000.

On October 14, 2010, Williamsburg County issued a Waterworks and Sewer Improvement Bonds in the amount of \$3,587,000.

NOTE 21 - POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

Plan Description

The County sponsors a single employer defined benefit health care plan (the "Plan") that provides medical and dental insurance for retirees under the medicare eligible age of 65. Employees who had 19 years of service to Williamsburg County as of July 1, 2009 are eligible. The plan is approved each year by County Council; the contribution requirements of the County and plan members are established and amended by Council. These contributions are neither guaranteed nor mandatory. Council retains the right to unilaterally modify its payments towards retiree health care benefits.

As of July 1, 2008, the measurement date, there were 56 covered participants, 1 retired participant, and 55 active participants. The County prospectively implemented GASB Statement No. 45 during the period ended June 30, 2009 to account for its annual post employment benefit cost. A stand alone financial report is not available.

NOTE 21 - POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

Funding Policy

As of June 30, 2010, the County has not funded contributions to an irrevocable trust. In fiscal year 2010, the County contributed, County retirees contributed \$75 on a monthly basis for single health care and \$165.50 per month for employee/spouse. Retirees contributed \$7.50 for single dental coverage and \$16 per month for employee/spouse. The County contributed the remaining premium of \$11,595.

The County's annual other postemployment (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period of 20 years.

Annual OPEB Cost and Funded Status and Funding Progress

For 2010, the annual OPEB cost (expense) of \$292,974 for the plan was equal to the ARC. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for 2010.

Normal Cost	\$	44,714
20 Year Amortization of Unfunded Accrued Liability		248,260
Total Annual Required ARC	\$ _	292,974

Contribution as a percentage of Expected Payroll - 3%

Contributions made included \$11,595 by the County through payment of covered participant benefits.

The County's annual OPEB cost, the cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB (obligation) for 2010 were as follows:

Fiscal	Ann	ıual	Percentage of Annua	ıl	Net OPEB
Year Ended	OPEB	Cost	OPEB Cost Contribut	<u>ed</u>	Obligation
06/30/10	\$ 292.	974	4.0%	\$ _	(577,027)
06/30/09	\$300.	307	1.5%	\$_	(295,648)

As of July 1, 2008, the most recent valuation date, the plan was not funded. The County implemented GASB Statement No. 45 in fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$2,898,246, with no plan assets resulting in an unfunded accrued liability for benefits of \$2,898,246. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$1,883,275, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 65%.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The Unprojected Unit Credit Actuarial Cost Method was used in the July 1, 2008, valuation. The actuarial assumptions included a 6% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and an initial annual healthcare cost trend rate of 10%. The trend rate will decrease in 0.5% steps until it reaches 5% after eight years. Both rates included a 5% inflation assumption. The Plan's UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2010 was 18 years.

NOTE 21 - POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Plan Description

 $Williams burg\ County\ Library\ participates\ in\ Williams burg\ County's\ Single\ employer\ defined\ benefit\ health\ care\ plan\ (the\ Plan\).$

Funding Policy

The plan will be funded by making contributions into an irrevocable employee benefit trust in the amount at least equal to the annual required contribution (ARC). As of June 30, 2010, no contributions have been made to the employee benefit trust fund.

For 2010, the Library's implementation year for GASB Statement No. 45 the annual OPEB cost (expense) of \$5,327 for the plan was equal to the ARC and \$5,327 more than the amount actually contributed. The following table shows the components of the Library's annual OPEB cost for 2010.

Normal Cost	\$ 905
20 Year Amortization of Unfunded Accrued Liability	 4,422
Total Annual Required Contribution	\$ 5,327

The Library's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB (obligation) liability for 2010 were as follows:

Fiscal		Annual	Percentage of Annual	Net OPEB
Year Ended		OPEB Cost	OPEB Cost Contributed	Obligation
	- ~	5 227	0 \$	10.787
06/30/10	Ф	3,321	0 0	5.460
06/30/09	\$	5,460	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

NOTE 22 - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets.

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance - total governmental funds and net assets - governmental activities as reported in the government wide statement of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that "capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$18,552,210 are as follows:

Capital Assets	\$	39,263,909
Accumulated Depreciation	~	(20,711,699)
Net adjustment to increase fund balance - total governmental funds to arrive at net assets - governmental activities	\$ _	18,552,210

NOTE 22 - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Another element of that reconciliation is that "other long-term assets, such as property taxes, court fines, and ambulance fees are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the fund financial statements." The details of this \$1,149,572 are as follows:

Property Taxes deferred in Governmental Fund Statement	\$ 846,862
Ambulance fees deferred in Governmental Fund Statement	252,697
Court Fines deferred in Governmental Fund Statement	 50,013
Net adjustment to increase fund balance - total governmental funds to arrive at net assets - governmental activities	\$ 1,149,572

Another element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds." The details of this (\$16,293,613) are as follows:

Bonds Payable	\$ (6,829,003)
Less: Deferred charge for issuance cost (to be amortized over life of debt)	140,851
Plus: Issuance premium (to be amortized as interest expense)	(17,044)
Accrued Interest Payable	(233,865)
Capital Leases Payable	(1,490,961)
Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure	
postclosure cost accrual	(6,756,044)
Post Employment Benefits Payable	(447,321)
Compensated Absences	(660,226)
Net adjustment to decrease fund balance - total governmental funds to arrive at net assets - governmental activities	\$ (16,293,613)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities.

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds and changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$977,256 are as follows:

Capital Outlay	\$	3,149,651
Depreciation Expense	•••	(2,172,395)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$ _	977,256

NOTE 22 - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Another element of that reconciliation explains that "Revenues in the statement of activities, such as property taxes and police fines that will not be collected for several months after year-end and do not provide for current financial resources, are not reported as revenues in the funds." The details of that element are as follows:

Police Fines	\$ 49,048
Ambulance Fees	61,000
Property Taxes	 180,676
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 290,724

Another element of that reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this \$1,049,777 are as follows:

Debt issued or incurred:		
Lease Purchase Obligation Proceeds	\$	(415,000)
Debt Issuance Costs		28,392
Post Employment Benefits		(229,052)
Principal repayments:		
General obligation debt		773,375
Post Employment Benefits Payments		11,595
Capital lease	***************************************	880,467
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total		
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$	1,049,777

NOTE 22 - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this (\$216,836) are as follows:

Compensated absences	\$	(114,206)
Accrued Interest		29,062
Municipal Solid Waste Closure Postclosure Cost Accrual		(174,572)
Amortization of issuance costs		(33,825)
Amortization of bond premium		1,705
Municipal Solid Waste Closure Costs		75,000
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances - total		
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$ _	(216,836)

NOTE 23 - RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued Statement No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" which will become effective starting with the County's fiscal year ending June 30, 2011, financial statement reporting. This statement redefines the components of fund balance and establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources reported in the governmental funds. The effect that implementation of Statement No. 54 will have on future financial statements has not yet been determined.

NOTE 24 - ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

Williamsburg County collects property taxes from five taxpayers which represents 19% of total assessed valuation.

Taxpayer Martek Santee Electric DART Industries Carolina Power & Light CSV Transportation, Inc.	Type of Business Bioscience Industry Electric Utility Manufacturer Electric Utility Railroad	Assessed Value 6,499,859 4,281,220 2,693,603 2,305,660 1,344,656
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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA BUDGETARY COMPARISION SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

					VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
	_	BUDGETED A		ACTUAL	POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES	_	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
T	\$	11,341,584 \$	10,919,047 \$	10,919,047	\$ 0
Taxes	Ф	118,800	103,283	103,283	0
Fees, Licenses, & Permits Fines & Forfeitures		590,000	654,708	654,708	0
		916,600	931,602	931,602	0
Charges for Services		2,852,878	3,389,276	2,931,858	(457,418)
Intergovernmental Revenue Other Revenues		502,015	329,729	424,772	95,043
TOTAL REVENUE	\$_	16,321,877 \$	16,327,645 \$	15,965,270	\$ (362,375)
EXPENDITURES					
County Council		194,520	195,812	194,725	1,087
Supervisor's Office		551,823	542,633	538,718	3,915
Information Technology		0	2,171	2,169	2
Council Discretionary		46,560	38,443	38,443	0
County Attorney		66,033	60,987	59,503	1,484
Treasurer		222,770	241,053	240,742	311
Building & Grounds		582,918	636,188	636,030	158
Chavis Building		0	44,289	44,284	5
Community Buildings		104,585	279,737	279,697	40
Health Department		94,432	88,248	85,716	2,532
Auditor		179,224	184,818	184,510	308
Tax Assessor		363,211	359,811	315,042	44,769
Tax Collector		164,337	168,138	118,412	49,726
Probate Judge		220,309	239,126	237,040	2,086
Clerk of Court		669,229	727,271	727,533	(262) 317
Magistrate		272,801	322,462	322,145	174
Hemingway Magistrate		40,371	46,734	46,560	27,667
Other Magistrates		223,964	211,854	184,187 99,045	21,007
Coroner		97,348	99,054	96,168	11,154
Disaster Preparedness		129,813	107,322	20,781	4
Communications		0	20,785	69,237	687
Veterans Affairs Office		69,924	69,924	69,888	6,813
Department of Social Services		76,701	76,701 15,231	15,114	117
Aeronautics Commission		14,488	158,619	150,957	7,662
Development Board		158,619	80,987	80,149	838
Voter Registration		80,987	75,342	73,813	1,529
General Election Expenses		75,342 279,245	279,245	250,168	29,077
Solid Waste Disposal		57,875	72,034	72,753	(719)
Grant Administration		53,376	28,817	28,527	290
Tax Forms & Printing		2,060,195	2,000,315	1,994,017	6,298
Employee Benefits		806,340	833,250	781,066	52,184
Other Expenses		43,584	53,851	52,419	1,432
Summer Intern Program		2,025	2,225	2,186	39
Circuit Court Judge Building Code Enforcement		127,325	123,821	108,695	15,126

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA BUDGETARY COMPARISION SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

		DVD COTED AS	AOLINITS				ARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)		BUDGETED AN ORIGINAL	FINAL		ACTUAL		(NEGATIVE)
EXPENDITURES (CONTINCED)	-			_		_	260
Public Defender	\$	31,852 \$	31,852	\$	31,592	\$	260
Victim Advocates		39,134	39,591		39,587		2.507
Sheriff		1,863,079	2,168,320		2,164,813		3,507
Detention Center		1,486,362	1,579,897		1,535,397		44,500 625
Parole & Corrections		625	625		0		023
Solicitor's Office		69,000	69,000		69,000		2,031
Emergency Medical Services		1,244,707	1,326,147		1,324,116		2,031
Environmental Services		220,455	221,739		221,715		0
Social Service Agencies		89,013	89,013		89,013		
Agencies		479,475	479,475		479,475		0
Senior Citizens		115,800	115,800		115,800		=
Recreation Department		433,975	618,217		611,911		6,306 55
Recycling Centers		523,209	566,693		566,638		33
Debt Service		28,791	14,808		14,807		1
Bond Issuance Costs	_	0	8,392	-	8,392		0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	14,755,751 \$	15,816,867	.\$_	15,492,695	\$_	324,172
	\$						
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		1,566,126_\$_	510,778	\$	472,575	\$_	(38,203)
EXPENDITURES	\$	1,000,100					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (US	SES)						
To confirm In (Out)		(1,472,388)	(696,998)		(1,158,742)		(461,744)
Transfers In (Out) Fund Balance Reservation		(93,738)	(228,780)		0		228,780
Lease Purchase Proceeds		0	415,000		415,000		0
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING			(710 770)	ø.	(742 742)	ď	(232,964)
SOURCES (USES)	s .	(1,566,126) \$	(510,778)	· ³ –	(743,742)	· Þ -	(232,704)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER	Ф						
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER			0	ď	(271 167)	¢	(271,167)
FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	\$		0	Э	(271,167)	 	(271,101)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year	Ψ			_	4,564,226		
FUND BALANCE, End of Year				\$_	4,293,059	:	
FULL BUTTALLES, ENG OF TOR.							

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA BUDGETARY COMPARISION SCHEDULE LANDFILL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

		BUDGETED A	MOUNTS				ARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
	-	ORIGINAL	FINAL	•	ACTUAL		(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES	-						
Fees, Licenses & Permits Charges for Services Other Revenues	\$	480,000 \$ 265,000 132,900	495,968 265,000 116,932		495,968 249,285 17,894		0 (15,715) (99,038)
TOTAL REVENUES	\$_	877,900_\$	877,900	. \$ _	763,147	\$_	(114,753)
EXPENDITURES							
Environmental Services	_	850,644	1,013,912	_	1,009,314	_	4,598
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$_	850,644 \$	1,013,912	.\$_	1,009,314	\$_	4,598
EXCESS REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$_	27,256 \$	(136,012)	.\$_	(246,167)	\$_	(110,155)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (US	SES)						
Transfers (Out) Fund Balance Reservation	_	(27,256)	(27,256) 163,268	_	(27,256)	_	0 (163,268)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	\$_	(27,256) \$	136,012	.\$_	(27,256)	\$_	(163,268)
EXCESS REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	\$ _	0 \$	0	\$	(273,423)	\$ _	(273,423)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year					3,081,186		
FUND BALANCE, End of Year				\$_	2,807,763		

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA BUDGETARY COMPARISION SCHEDULE RURAL FIRE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

		BUDGETED AN	MOUNTS				VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
	-	ORIGINAL	FINAL		ACTUAL	_	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES	-						
Taxes Intergovernmental Revenue Other Revenues	\$	830,760 \$ 270,717 15,400	867,404 S 541,434 3,127	\$ _	858,067 222,321 3,127	\$	(9,337) (319,113) 0
TOTAL REVENUES	\$_	1,116,877_\$	1,411,965	\$_	1,083,515	\$.	(328,450)
EXPENDITURES							
Public Safety	_	1,035,412	3,330,798	_	2,956,393		374,405
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$_	1,035,412 \$	3,330,798	\$_	2,956,393	\$.	374,405
EXCESS REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ _	81,465_\$	(1,918,833)	\$_	(1,872,878)	.\$.	45,955
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (US	ES)						
Fund Balance Reservation Transfers (Out)	•	0 (81,465)	1,995,146 (80,518)	-	0 (81,467)	-	(1,995,146) (949)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCHES (USES)	\$.	(81,465) \$	1,914,628	\$_	(81,467)	\$	(1,996,095)
EXCESS REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	\$	\$	(4,205)	\$	(1,954,345) 2,268,246	\$	(1,950,140)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year				_	2,200,240	•	
FUND BALANCE, End of Year				\$ _	313,901	=	

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Legal budgets are adopted for the following major governmental funds: General Fund, Landfill Fund, and Rural Fire Fund.

The budget is prepared by the County Supervisor and the Budget Director and approved by the County Council. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, department, activity and object and can be amended throughout the year by County Council approval. The County Supervisor may make transfers of appropriations within a function. Transfers of appropriations between funds require the approval of the County Council. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level.

The budgetary calendar is as follows:

February 17 - Packets distributed to elected officials, department heads, agency directors, and contribution agencies.

March 17 - All packets returned to Budget Director.

March 26 - County Supervisor, Budget Director and Clerk to Council submit computerized budget worksheets and department budgets to County Supervisor, Finance Committee and County Council.

Prior to June 30 - County Supervisor prepares a budget and submits it to County Council for approval. County Council holds hearings to obtain taxpayers' comments.

June 30 - Budget is legally adopted by ordinance.

June 30 - Final budget distributed to libraries, banks, etc.

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULES OF FUNDING PROGRESS AND EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS DEFINED BENEFIT HEALTH CARE PLAN YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
Primary Gove 7/1/2008	ernment \$ <u>0</u>	\$ 2,898,246	\$2,898,246	0%	\$1,883,275	65%
7/1/2008	nit \$0	\$ See A Below	See A Below	0%	\$	See A Below

Fiscal year 2009 was the year of implementation of GASB Statement No. 45 and the County has elected to implement prospectively. Therefore, prior year comparative data is not available. In future years, three-year trend information will be presented. Additional trend information will be presented as new actuarial valuations all preformed in future years.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,		Annual Required Contribution	Actual Contribution	Percent Funded
Primary Governme	ent			
2010	\$	292,974 \$	11,595	4%
2009		300,307	4,659	2%
Component Unit				
2010	\$	5,327 \$	0	0%
2009		5,460 \$	0	0%

A. Williamsburg County Library's portion of the actuarial accrued liability and unfunded actuarial accrued liability can not be separately identified because a separate valuation report was unavailable.



WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

			SPEC	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	SO		
		FEDERAL AND STATE GRANT FUND	ROADS & BRIDGES FUND	INDUSTRIAL PARK FUND	SHERIFF SPECIAL FUND	WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY ALCOHOL & DRUG ABUSE	TOTAL
ASSETS							
Cash Other Receivables Due From Other Funds Inventory	⇔	170,202 \$ 230,106 0	210 \$ 78,330 149,547 32,769	118,952 \$ 344,424 0 0	8,318 9	\$ 88,643 29,455 0	\$ 386,325 682,315 149,547 32,769
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	400,308 \$	260,856 \$	463,376 \$	8,318	\$ 118,098	\$ 1,250,956
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE							
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds		275,231 123,302	152,824 0	0	0	4,992 0	433,047 123,302
Acciued wages & Benefits Payable Deferred Revenue	I	3,245	0 6,170	0	0	11,447	11,447
TOTAL LIABILITIES	€	401,778 \$	158,994 \$	\$ 0	0	\$ 16,439	\$ 577,211
FUND BALANCE							
Reserved for Inventory Reserved for Special Projects Unreserved	l	0 0 (1,470)	32,769 0 69,093	0 463,376 0	8,318	0 101,659	32,769 573,353 67,623
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	69	(1,470) \$	101,862 \$	463,376 \$	8,318	\$ 101,659	\$ 673,745
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	⇔	400,308	260,856_\$	\$ 463,376	8,318	\$ 118,098	\$ 1,250,956

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

			SPEC	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	UNDS		
		FEDERAL AND STATE GRANT FUND	ROADS & BRIDGES FUND	INDUSTRIAL PARKS FUND	SHERIFF SPECIAL FUND	WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY ALCOHOL & DRUG ABUSE FUND	TOTAL
REVENUES							
Taxes Fees, Licenses & Permits Intergovernmental Revenue Miscellaneous Revenues	⇔	0 \$ 0 3,060,545	0 \$ 424,068 0 79	548,514 \$ 0 0 42	0 \$ 0 0 0 6,948	0 \$ 77,916 432,155 15,761	548,514 501,984 3,492,700 22,830
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>⇔</u>	3,060,545 \$	424,147 \$	548,556 \$	6,948 \$	525,832 \$	4,566,028
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General Government		84,425	0	0	0	0 (84,425
Public Works		942,440	1,163,547	0 °	0	0	2,105,987
Public Safety		26,560	0 (0	8,873	0 633 545	33,433 838 580
Health and Human Services		205,035	o c	o c	0	0,5,5,50 0	153,390
Economic Development		1.212.580	0	380,566	0	0	1,593,146
Capital Outlay			•				
Public Works		295,430	0	0 (0	0 0	295,430
Public Safety	ı	308,000	0		0	0	300,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	∽'	3,227,860 \$	1,163,547	380,566 \$	8,873 \$	633,545 \$	5,414,391
EXCESS REVENUES OVER EXPEDITURES		(167,315)	(739,400)	167,990	(1,925)	(107,713)	(848,363)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers (Out) Transfers In		0165.845	(235,081) 974,481	0	0	0 126,657	(235,081)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	⇔ `	165,845 \$	739,400 \$	0	\$ 0 \$	126,657 \$	1,031,902
EXCESS REVENUES OVER EXPEDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	∽	(1.470) \$	0	\$ 167,990	\$ (1,925) \$	18,944 \$	183,539
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year		0	101,862	295,386	10,243	82,715	490,206
FUND BALANCE, End of Year	69	(1,470) \$	101.862	\$ 463,376	\$ 8,318 \$	\$ 101,659 \$	673,745

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF FINES, ASSESSMENTS & SURCHARGES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

FINES AND FEES STATE PORTION

FINES AND PEES STATE TO THE		
D. H. D. C. Jon Application Fees	\$ 1,720	
Public Defender Application Fees	3,660	
Marriage License Fee	14,175	
Circuit/Family Court Motion Fees	84,082	!
Family/Alimony/Child Support Fees	1,680)
Circuit/Family Court Fines & Fees	30,856	j .
Circuit/Family Court Filing Fees	52,750)
Circuit/Family Court Filing Fees Increase \$50	10,075	
Magistrate Filing Assessment Civil - \$25	5,770	
Magistrage Filing Assessment Civil - \$10	\$ 204,768	
Total State Portion Fines & Fees	\$	
DUI/DUS/BUI - ASSESSMENTS/SURCHARGES/PULLOUT		
DOM DOOL ASSESSMENT	0.024	=
Magistrates' Court DUS DPS Pullout	9,933	
Magistrates' DUI Assessment	798	
General Sessions DUI Surcharge - \$100		3
General Sessions Doll Surcharge	6,55	
Magistrates' Court DUI Surcharge	6,35	
Magistrates' Court DUI DPS Pullout	40	
DUI/DUAC Breathalyzer Test Conviction Fee - \$25	\$ 24,039	9
Total DUI Assessments State Portion		
SURCHARGES STATE PORTION		
	2,27	7
General Sessions Court Drug Surcharge	4,98	2
Magistrates' Court Drug Surcharge	2,18	8
Generall Sessions Law Enforcement Surcharge	1,04	
General Sessions Criminal Justice Academy \$5 Surcharge	72,98	
Magistrates' Court Law Enforcement Surcharges	13,11	
Magistrates Criminal Justice Academy \$5 Surcharge	0(50	
	\$\$	
OTHER ASSESSMENTS STATE PORTION	2.42	2
General Sessions Court	3,43 212,58	
Magistrates' Court	\$ 216,01	
Total Other Assessments State Portion	\$	<u> </u>
Total Other Addessments Control		
VICTIM'S ASSISTANCE ASSESSMENTS COUNTY PORTION		
General Sessions Court	1,51	
Magistrates' Court	\$\frac{26,75}{28,27}	
Total Assessments County Portion	\$	<u>_</u>
Total Assessments County 2 cours		
SURCHARGES COUNTY PORTION		
General Sessions Court	7,25	
	20,46	
Magistrates' Court	\$ 27,71	.5
Total Surcharges County Portion		

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	PASS THROUGH GRANTOR/AGENCY NUMBER	EXPENDITURES
HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
Passed Through State of S.C. Department of Alcohol & Drug Abuse Alcohol & Drug Abuse Grants	93.959	N/A	\$ 165,570
HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT			
Passed Through S.C. Department of Commerce Town of Lane Sewer System Project	14.228	7-CL-07-001	880,030
HOMELAND SECURITY			
Assistance to Fire Fighters Safer Grant	97.044 97.044	EMW-2008-FO-04453 EMW-2008-FF-2008	88,960 133,361
Passed Through SLED LEMPG LEMPG	97.042 97.042	9EMPG01 8EMPG01	18,703 5,713
Passed Through SCEMD Citizens Corp.	97.067	8CC001	1,528
DEPARMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			
Passed Through S.C. Department of Aeronautics Airport Improvement Program	20.106	3-45-0033-011-2009	162,500
Passed Through State of S.C. Department of Transportation Rural Transportation Rural Transportation - ARRA	20.509 20.509	MT-01011-14 MT-01012-19	543,737 653,530
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			
Computer Enhancement Project 2006 BJA Congressionally Mandated Grant Mobile Data Grant DOJ Cops Grant Security Enhancement ARRA	16.738 16.580 16.738 16.710 16.804	2007-DJ-BX-1387 2006-DD-BX-0312 2006-DJ-BX-1091 2008-CK-WY-0841 2009-SB-B9-3284	908 164 13,000 10,234 40,710

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	PASS THROUGH GRANTOR/AGENCY NUMBER	EXPENDITURES
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE-CONTINUED			
Passed Through SC Dept. of Public Safety Equipment Upgrade	16.803	1GS09150	83,610
DEPARMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT			
USDA Communities Facilities Grant RBEG Grant Water & Wastewater Disposal Systems for Rural	10.766 10.783	N/A SC-00-21	138,600 19,425
Communities: South Williamsburg RDA Grant East Kingstreet Phase I RDA Loan Lane Sewer Project	10.760 10.760 10.760	N/A N/A N/A	1,581,936 2,532,455 682,740
Passed Through State of S.C. Summer Feeding Program	10.559	SF-110	182,276 \$ 7,939,690
TOTALS			,,,,,,,,,

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the grant activity of the Williamsburg County, South Carolina and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented on, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Chairman and Members of Williamsburg County Council Kingstree, South Carolina

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business - type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information for Williamsburg County as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 28, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Other auditors audited the financial statements of Williamsburg County Alcohol & Drug Abuse Commission's special revenue fund, as described in our report on Williamsburg County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Williamsburg County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Williamsburg County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Williamsburg County's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over

financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting: Finding 2010-B1. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Williamsburg County's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of basic financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain other matters that we reported to the management of the Williamsburg County in a separate letter dated February 28, 2011.

The County's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the County's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, others within the organization, County Council, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Harper, Poston & Moree, P.A. Certified Public Accountants

Georgetown, South Carolina February 28, 2011



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

The Honorable Chairman and Members of Williamsburg County Council Kingstree, South Carolina

<u>Compliance</u>

We have audited the compliance of Williamsburg County, South Carolina with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement*, that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010. Williamsburg County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the Williamsburg County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Williamsburg County's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of State, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Williamsburg County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Williamsburg County's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Williamsburg County, South Carolina complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the Williamsburg County, South Carolina is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Williamsburg County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned function, to prevent or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses in internal control over compliance. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, others within the organization, County Council, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Harper, Poston & Moree, P.A. Certified Public Accountants

Georgetown, South Carolina February 28, 2011

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

A - SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on the basic financial statements of Williamsburg County, South Carolina.
- One significant deficiency was disclosed during the audit of the basic financial statements, which was not considered a material weakness, as reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards.
- 3. No instance of non-compliance was disclosed during the audit of the financial statements.
- 4. No significant deficiencies were disclosed during the audit of the major federal award programs as reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to each Major Program and Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Williamsburg County expresses an unqualified opinion.
- 6. Audit findings relative to major federal award programs for Williamsburg County are reported in part C of this schedule.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs included:

Program	CDFA Number
Rural Development Water & Waste Water Improvements Rural Transportation Grant Rural Transportation Grant - ARRA Summer Feeding	10.760 20.509 20.509 10.559

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. Williamsburg County, South Carolina was determined to be a low risk auditee.

B - FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

Significant Deficiencies:

Finding 2010-B1: Financial statement and note disclosure preparation

Condition: The County does not have a staff that can prepare the year end financial statements and required note disclosures in house.

Criteria: The County should have a staff that has the ability to prepare the year end financial statements and required note disclosures.

Cause: Lack of trained personnel.

Effect: Significant Deficiency in internal controls.

Recommendation: We recommend that training be provided to staff on financial statement preparation and note disclosure.

Management Response: Management concurs with this recommendation.

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

C - FINDINGS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS

None Noted.

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

There were no prior year audit findings relating to federal award programs that are required by Circular A-133 to be reported in the Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings.